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J5

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

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Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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JUPITER GENERAL
can be consulted by the Insuring public on all occasions and for all Insurances. J6

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What's Up Hitler's Sleeves?

Iraq Breaks Off With Germany

TURKEY MAY ALSO ENTER THE LISTS SOON

U. S. Congress To Be Called To Reconsider Attitude Of Neutrality

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.

CIRCLES in close touch with Washington reveal that the President may call the Congress to meet on September 15 to discuss a revision of the Neutrality Act, according to the "New York Times."

The paper adds that incidents like the sinking of the "Athenia" will quickly bring America's reactions to the boiling point.

'Turkey Must Soon Enter War'

ISTANBUL, Sept. 7.

THE SEMI-OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER "ULUS" IN AN ARTICLE BELIEVED TO BE INSPIRED, PASSIONATELY APPEALS TO THE TURKS TO TAKE NECESSARY STEPS TO STOP GERMANY'S EVIDENT DETERMINATION TO LIQUIDATE THE INDEPENDENCE OF CENTRAL-EASTERN EUROPEAN STATES AND ADDS: "IT SEEMS THAT TURKEY MUST SOON ENTER THE WAR."

MR. RUSTUARAS, THE TURKISH AMBASSADOR IN LONDON IS RETURNING TO LONDON AFTER A FORTNIGHT'S ABSENCE.

COMPETENT TURKISH CIRCLES DECLARE THAT TURKEY WILL STAND BY HER PLEDGES TO BRITAIN AND FRANCE AND THE STATES OF THE BALKAN PACT.

TURKEY'S ATTITUDE

BAGHDAD, September 7.

Iraq has decided to sever relations with Germany. It is learned that Iraq has informed the German Minister that he must leave the country within 24 hours and the Iraq representative in Berlin has been instructed to ask for his passport.

A number of Germans in Iraq of military or otherwise regarded as dangerous have been interned.—Reuter.

CHAMBERLAIN'S SURVEY OF OPERATIONS ON WESTERN FRONT

LONDON, Sept. 7.

Making the promised statement in the House of Commons' on the progress of war, Mr. Chamberlain said:

"The House will realise that it is only possible to give a general indication of the present situation and the State of our defences as there are necessarily a number of matters to which in public interest it is impossible to refer.

"In the east, the Poles are fighting hard against a strong and ruthless enemy, who is relying on the weight of numbers and material to crush all opposition. The Polish soldier has ever shown himself to be a courageous and determined fighter and to-day he is worthily maintaining this tradition. Against overwhelming superiority in the air, outnumbered and outgunned, he is contesting every yard of German advance.

"The Germans have often stressed the need for a short war and quick decision. In pursuance of this idea, the German plan appears to be to concentrate their first main effort against Poland and as the House is aware, that country was invaded just over a week ago without any formal declaration of war.

"In spite of human and material losses, which they have already suffered the morale and courage of the Polish people remain unaffected.

FINANCIAL HELP TO POLAND

"The British and French Governments have to-day signed an agreement with the Polish Government for the provision of further financial assistance to Poland to enable her to replenish her resources.

"In the west, France has, like ourselves, mobilised her forces with complete efficiency and smoothness, and they are now in contact with the enemy on their common frontier. Certain information has been published of what has taken place, but for ob-

(Continued on page 11, column 4)

NATIONAL DEFENCE GOVT. FOR FRANCE

PARIS, Sept. 7.

Press forecasts the formation of "a National Defence Government" possibly before the end of the week.—Reuter.

BRITISH TOMMY'S NEW MARCHING SONG

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, Sept. 7.

Following Sir J. C. Squire's suggestion in the "Times," people have started singing the following slightly revised soldiers' song:

PACK UP YOUR GOEBBELS IN OLD KIT BAG
AND HEIL, HEIL, HEIL;
WHAT'S THE USE OF GOERING?
HE NEVER WAS WORTHWHILE,

BR. ATTACKS ON GERMAN SUBMARINES CONTINUE

LONDON, Sept. 7.

A British Communique states there are no major naval operations to report. Attacks on German submarines continue. In at least one case success appears probable. German submarine attacks on shipping are taking place in various localities and losses reported are the steamers "Bosnia," and "Royal Sceptre." The "Corinthia" was attacked but was not damaged and reached port.

It is reported that 27 German merchantmen totalling 119,000 tons have taken refuge.—Reuter.

YUGOSLAVIA MOBILIZES

LONDON, Sept. 7.

It is reported that Yugoslavia has declared general mobilisation and the War Minister is empowered to put the decision into effect by stages. The Yugoslav army is increasing daily and is approaching half a million.—Reuter.

GERMANS ON 'MALOJA' ARRESTED

To Be Taken To Deolali

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The P. and O. Mail boat, s.s. "Maloja" touched the Alexandra Docks at 5-30 p.m., to-day.

Twenty-four German passengers including two German Aryans and the remaining Jewish refugees were arrested by the police. Some of them were bound for Australia and some for India. The passengers included 18 women. The men will be taken to Deolali on Friday morning while the women will be detained in Bombay and looked after by the Jewish Relief Association.

Four more Germans were arrested in the city on Thursday. They will also be sent to Deolali in due course.

SOUTH AFRICA SEVERS RELATIONS WITH GERMANY

CAPETOWN, Sept. 7.

A proclamation has been issued severing South Africa's relations with Germany.—Reuter.

PEACE CONFERENCE ON ASHES OF WARSAW

But Allies Will Have No Parleys With Germany Until Hitlerism Is Destroyed

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, September 7.

THE latest broadcast from New York radio declares that Herr Hitler is now reported to be planning to ask for a peace conference, if and when Warsaw falls.

He wants only a short war, limited in area to East Europe.

It is believed that Herr Hitler will probably refrain from any military initiative on the Western Front, until his armies succeed in dominating Poland, after which he will make an offer "for an honourable way out", by agreeing to attend a conference for general settlement.

This accounts for the declaration in "Diplomatic Correspondence", the organ of the German Foreign Office, that Germany is willing to bury the old struggle with France.

However, in Britain public opinion is definitely against such a conference.

It is pointed out that this war is to end Hitlerism and, therefore, the fight must go on, until Hitlerism is destroyed.

HITLER CLOSELY GUARDED

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Sept. 7.

It is reported here that the German General Staff are more worried about Hitler's safety from within than from without. They fear a stray Polish bullet or surprise air raid.

Therefore, Hitler is living in his special armoured train which is more closely guarded than ever before.

SIMLA, September 7.

A Gazette Extraordinary States Railway mechanical workshops are declared to be a "protected" place.

"Down With Hitler"

Bonfire Of Fuehrer's Effigy And Swastika Badges

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, September 7.

I understand from Bratislava secret radio broadcast last night, that wounded Slovak soldiers are so disgusted with Germany that late last night, they mustered courage to collect "Swastika" badges which they were wearing and made a bonfire of them along with Hitler's effigy. During the bonfire, they sang British, French and Polish national songs and shouted the slogan "down with Hitler, down with Nazism, victory for Britain, France and Poland, victory for the oppressed peoples".

ANTI-WAR DEMONSTRATIONS IN GERMANY

BRUSSELS, Sept. 7.

The newspaper "Siecle" quoting Italian broadcasts, reports anti-war demonstrations in Berlin, Prague and Vienna. They were brutally dispersed by the Gestapo.

The Journal "Libre de Belgique" reports disorders in Cologne, Dusseldorf, Essen, Brno and Pilsen, where the great Skoda armament works are situated. Strong detachments of Black Guards were sent from Dresden and Leipzig to Bohemia and Moravia.

Paris War Communique No. 7 issued this morning states: "There is marked activity on both sides."

NAZI CLAIMS

The German Official Wireless announced that the Polish garrison at Westerplatte, at the entrance to the Danzig Harbour surrendered at 11|00 to-day.—Reuter.

RUMANIA TO BE STRICTLY NEUTRAL

BUCHAREST, Sept. 7.

The Rumanian Crown Council has decided strictly to observe the rules of neutrality.—Reuter.

(WAR NEWS ON PAGE 7 AND 10)

WHAT AILS HITLER

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, September 7.

Addressing the Psychologists' Conference at Salo Alto, California, Professor Steinmetz declared that Hitler was suffering from incurable mental disease.

Hitler was under constant observation by a foreign doctor named Steinmetz. He quoted the details of Hitler's disorder given him by an American Research Physician who recently returned from Germany.

It is a mental disease which causes its victims to have alternate fits of depression and elation complicated by delusions that they are being persecuted.

FATE OF INDIANS IN GERMANY

BERLIN, Sept. 7.

All British subjects over fifteen years must report to nearest police station within 24 hours according to a decree issued by Minister of Interior, Dr. Frick.

The order applies to nationals of Britain, Northern Ireland, British Colonies, Protectorates, Mandated territories and India.—Reuter.

JAWAHAR REACHES RANGOON

Mammoth Crowds Greet His Arrival

RANGOON, Sept. 7.

Journeying through a waterbound track by rail-trolley, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru crossed a seven mile stretch from Pyuntaza through Burma's relentless monsoon to Pegu, where he boarded a special train, and arrived at Rangoon at 1-20 p.m

Indian and Burmese admirers vied with the Chinese residents to honour Pandit Nehru.

Among those waiting from the early morning was the Chinese Consul. A guard of honour of Chinese boy scouts and girl guides presented a salute. Loud cheers broke from the crowds, who had occupied every available space on the station platform and overhead bridges.—A. P.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION

"Telegrams for Ireland and Tunis will be accepted only at sender's risk. Telegrams for Ireland should be in plain English only and urgent telegrams will not be accepted for Ireland".

Britain Welcomes Mahatma's Stand

LONDON, Sept. 7.

Mahatma Gandhi's statement making known to the world his sympathies with England and France has been received with the warmest appreciation in both official and non-official quarters in this country.

There is full recognition here of the special weight attaching to the Mahatma's personal views in these fateful days and of the unique contribution which he is able to make at a time when spiritual and moral forces are the inspiration of the crusade against "organised brutality and treachery."—Reuter.

Prices Of Commodities To Be Fixed

Bombay Government To Issue Orders

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Government of Bombay have announced to-day that orders will be issued fixing the maximum prices of essential commodities. A communication was received by the Government from Simla to-day authorising the Provincial Government to issue orders under Rule 81 of the Defence of India rules to control prices.

TEXT OF PRESS NOTE

The following press note has been issued:—

Government notes with regret that gross profiteering is going on in the province and particularly in the city of Bombay. There is no reason why the essentials of life at present should not be available at approximately normal prices. The public should co-operate in resisting profiteering by refraining from trying to buy excessive supplies and by refusing to pay excessive prices, and postponing their purchases where possible.

The Central Government has today delegated the authority to the Provincial Government to issue orders under Rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules to provide for controlling the prices at which certain articles may be sold. This Rule provides that any person who contravenes any of its provisions will be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years. Government proposes to issue orders fixing the maximum prices of certain essential commodities under this Rule.

Purchasers, who find that traders in spite of these warning demand excessive prices are requested to give information to the Police. The Police are authorised to investigate these complaints and report details to the Commissioner of Police in the City of Bombay and the District Magistrates elsewhere in the Province.

COMMODITY PRICES COME DOWN

Effect Of Government's Press Note

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The press note issued by the Government of Bombay warning Merchants against profiteering had remarkable effects this morning when prices of most of the commodities which had shot up by over 75 per cent during the Pateti season, came down considerably. While grocery and tinned provisions registered a fall in prices by over 35 per cent on the levels which had been reached on the Parsi New Year Day, cigarette prices came down almost to the pre-war level.

The news of the Government's intention to control the prices had spread throughout the city by Wednesday night and customers who had been the helpless victims of a [illegible]

Riot Follows Rationing

Vienna Mayor Threatens Ruthless Action Against Law Breakers

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, Sept. 7.

I understand, following rioting by housewives of Vienna, after the announcement of rationing, Herr Neubacher, the Nazi Mayor of Vienna sent a message to the citizens stating "breaches of discipline have occurred sporadically. I will act ruthlessly against breakers of discipline" Note: according to the Viennese Ration Card a man can possess a suit, raincoat, wintercoat, pullover, two shirts, two nighties, two pairs of socks, and four handkerchiefs.

Women's figures are identical except that they are allowed three pairs of socks, and two brassieres.

Workers are engaged with unusually heavy work to get daily one and half ounces of fats, oils or milk products.

Nursing mothers get half a pint of skimmed milk. Authorities collect fat garbage from sewers which is supposed to be used only for industrial purposes. The only thing population can have in an unlimited quantity is wooden sandals, similar to those used by orthodox Hindus in India.

during the earlier part of the week were freely quoting the Bombay Government's press note while purchasing commodities.

THREAT FROM CUSTOMERS

In some shops where post war prices were quoted, customers actually held out threats on the authority of the Government's press note. The drastic nature of the measures adopted by the Bengal Government to counteract the racket is being freely mentioned by customers at every shop in Bombay for the benefit of the dealers.

It is not known whether the climb down on the part of dealers is only for a temporary period.

In some shops where post-war prices are quoted, customers actually held out threats on the authority of the Government's press note.

All the Ministers of Bombay at-

(Continued on page 8, col. 3)

STOP PRESS

PARIS, Sept. 7.

An evening communique states that on the front between the Rhine and Moselle, the enemy is being reinforced before us. The arrival of new forces from the interior of Germany is announced.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42 SITUATION VACANT.

Wanted: Immediately ordinary Typist. Those who have worked in Solicitor's office need only apply to Kharas & Co., Solicitors, Bruce Street, Fort. (12231)

Wanted candidates to become overseers by Postal training. Principal, British India Technical College (B.C.), Sukkur (Sind). (12175)

Wanted for a weekly local English journal an experienced Advertising Canvasser commanding wide influence with commercial Indian firms. Apply sharp J. D. care of "Bombay Chronicle." (12224)

Wanted Supervisers on Rs. 100 per month with T.A. in every Districts. Bright prospect for good workers. Eastern National Bank. Ltd., 21-A., Canning Street, Calcutta. (248)

Wanted a highly qualified Physical Instructor for the Sarvajanik Education Society's institutions. Graduates will be given preference. Apply stating age, experience, qualifications and minimum salary, etc., to the undersigned before 15th September, 1939. V. K Nimkar, Honorary Secretary, S. E. Society, Surat. (933)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Experienced Cashier knowing Accounts and typewriting requires employment in any capacity. Box No. 12230, "Bombay Chronicle."

Experienced business letter writer wants part time and typing work. Terms moderate. Write Box No. 12229, "Bombay Chronicle."

68. FLATS TO LET

To Let—Westerly flat, 1st floor. Ratan House. Dady Seth Road near Chaupati Market—5 rooms. kitchen. store-room, verandahs. etc. Rent Rs. 95. Apply Surveyor and Co., Central Bank Building. 2nd floor, Fort. (12207)

174. BOOKS

Bentley's and A.B.C. Telegraphic Codes and World and Indian Directories (second-hand) for sale; Radio Books, apply.—Lakhani Book Depot, Girgaon, Bombay. (12216)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted agents for Embossing Machines Brass letters etc., on pay or commission, apply with The Allegiance Trading Co.

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch per insertion.

1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER of Stores, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for reconditioning of scrap white metal No. 6 available at the Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2 per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted. Samples of the scrap to be reconditioned not exceeding 5 lbs. each can be purchased for test purposes from the Dist. Controller of Stores, Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel, at the rate of Rs. 20 per cwt. Closing date 3-10-1939 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) 959.

NOTICE

BOMBAY FIRE & GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

We have pleasure in notifying the public that as from 1st September, 1939, we have appointed Messrs. Fazalbhoy, Limited as our Chief Agents in Bombay for the transaction of Fire, Accident and Marine business.

Messrs. Fazalbhoy Limited have their Head Office at No. 16 New Queens Road, but insurance work will be carried on at their Branch Office at 114, Sir Vithaldas Chamber, 16 Apollo Street, Fort.

M. M. MUNDKUR,
Manager.
Bombay, 4th September, 1939. (963)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from the graduates of recognised Universities for the post of Chief Officer of Amalner Municipality in the grade of 120-5|1-200 P.M plus conveyance allowance Rs. 20|-.

Applications together with testimonials stating age, caste and previous experience should reach the undersigned on or before the 15th September, 1939. Those with experience of sanitary engineering will be preferred.

R. V. MHASKAR,
B.A., M.B.B.S.,
President,
Borough Municipality, Amalner.
Amalner, 6|9|39. (974)

THE MYSORE SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Temple Bar Building, 70, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of September, 1939, at 3 P.M. (S.T.), (1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 28th February, 1939, (2) To declare a dividend, (3) To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election, and (4) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 25th day of August, 1939, to the 8th day of September, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO., LTD.,
Managing Agents,
V. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 26th July, 1939.

N.B.—The Dividend, when declared, will be made payable at the Registered Office of the Company on and after THURSDAY, the 14th September, 1939, between 12 noon and 3 p.m., on week days, other than Saturdays, and between 12 noon and 1-30 p.m., on Saturdays, to Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of Members on the 24th August, 1939. (781)

Public Notices

Godrej Soaps, Ltd.

With reference to the advertisement given by Ms. Nadirshaw, Printer & Co. that they continue to be the selling agents of Godrej "Chavi" Brand Toilet Soaps, we have to inform all our Agents, Dealers and the public that Ms. Nadirshaw, Printer & Co's employment as selling agents came to an end on 31st August, 1939 and they are no longer our selling agents. The agreement dated 10-5-1928 has come to an end as Ms. Nadirshaw, Printer & Co. have failed to fulfil the conditions on which their appointment was to continue. We have to ask all our Agents, Dealers and public to place all their orders for Godrej Soaps direct with us or our authorised agents and not to place any orders with Ms. Nadirshaw, Printer & Co.

If, inspite of this notice, they do so and deal with Ms. Nadirshaw, Printer & Co. as regards our Soaps, they will do so at their own risk and responsibility.

GODREJ SOAPS, LTD.
OFFICE & FACTORY.
DELISLE ROAD, BOMBAY.

971.

SPECIAL MID-WEEK

HOLIDAY RETURN TICKETS

MONDAY, the 11th September, 1939, being a Public Holiday (Khordad Sal), Special Holiday Return Tickets will be issued at Week-End fares from Sunday, the 10th September to 12 noon on MONDAY, the 11th September, available for completion of return journey upto 12 noon on Tuesday, the 12th September, 1939, as follows:—

I & II CLASS

BETWEEN	*AND*
Bombay V. T., Byculla, Dadar and Thana.	Nasik Road, Devlali, Khandala, Lonavla, Kirkee, Shivajinagar, Poona and Neral.
Neral.	Kirkee and Poona.

III CLASS

Bombay V. T., Byculla, and Dadar.	Nasik Road and Devlali.

Full particulars from
The INFORMATION BUREAU, V. T., or STATION MASTERS concerned.

G. I. P. RAILWAY

964.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

IN PURSUANCE of a requisition received, under Section 36(d) and (h) of the Municipal Act, for calling a Special Meeting of the Corporation for requesting Government to take adequate steps to control profiteering in the City, etc., a SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CORPORATION will be held in the Municipal Office on WEDNESDAY, the 13TH SEPTEMBER 1939 at 4 P.M. (BOMBAY TIME).

By Order of His Worship
the Mayor,
S. N. DAMLE,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 4th September, 1939. (965)

NOTICE.

100 Shares Nos. 74751-74850 of the Indian Wood Products Co., Limited, is registered in the name of Mohd. Nurual Hasan Khan (deceased) in the books of the said Company and the Certificate of title thereto No. 262 has been lost.

The Public are hereby cautioned against accepting or dealing with the said Certificate.

Application has been made to the Company for the issue of a fresh certificate and meanwhile the holder or finder of the lost certificate is requested to communicate with the undersigned:

1. (Sd.) MUST. UME-SALMA of Bhakhinagarh, Malihabad Guardian mother of Fasihul Hasan Khan (minor) S/Certificate holder to 1/3 of the estate of the deceased.
2. (Sd.) MUST. NOOR JEHAN BEGUM of 48, Khalil West, Shahjahanpur, succession Certificate holder to the 2/3 of the deceased's estate.

(966)

NOTICE

WANTED capable and experienced PORT COMMISSIONER for Navlakhi Port. Pay according to qualifications. Will be given free unfurnished quarters. Apply stating age, experience, caste and salary expected to Dewan, Morvi State (899)

RE: THE INDIAN COTTON Co. LTD. (in liquidation).

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED proposes to give a lease or leases for working the Ginning and Pressing factories for the current season. Tenders are invited for the purpose which should be submitted to the undersigned on or before the 12th day of September, 1939, at his Office Maneckji Wadia Building, 125, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. The Lessee will be required to pay half the rent in advance within eight days of his offer being accepted by the Official Liquidator and sanctioned by the Court, and the other half within three months from the date of the commencement of the lease. Intending Lessees will be required to give cash security for the due performance of the terms of the lease. The undersigned is not bound to accept the highest or any offer.

BHAVNAGAR:—One Pressing Factory.
BASSIM:—One Pressing Factory.
JALGAON-JAMOD:—One Ginning & One Pressing Factory.
WARUD:—One Pressing Factory.
CHALISGAON:—One Ginning Factory.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Dated this 18th day of August, 1939.

B. K. DESAI.
Official Liquidator. 884.

Public Notices

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the purchase of Condemned Wagon Bodies available at Jhansi. Price per copy of tender form Rs. 2 which amount will not be refunded. Closing date 22nd September, 1939 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office. Payment by cheque, postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted. 927.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that FURDOONJI DORABJI OOSTAD, Dr. SORAB PHEROZSHAW MEHTA, DORABJI FURDOONJI OOSTAD, DR. M. H. MEHERJI and DINSHA FURDOONJI OOSTAD, All of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants, the Trustees of the Charitable trust created by the Will of the late Hormusji Dorabji Bode dated 21st December, 1854 and designated and named by the name of "the Hormusji Dorabji Bode Charitable Trusts" have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO:

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground tenure land or ground (since redeemed) situate at Jugjiwan Kika Street in the City of Bombay together with the messuages tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 466 (four hundred and and sixty-six) square yards or thereabouts and situate within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay bearing Cadastral Survey No. 2489 of Bhuleshwar Division and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1086, New No. 8260 Old Survey No. 2090 and New Survey No. 1228 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C. Ward No. 5846, Street Nos. 187 to 189 and 91 to 111 and C. Ward No 6311, Street No. 1 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Venilal Vijbhukhandas, on or towards the North by Banian Street, on or towards the West by Kika Street and on or towards the South by the property of Godavaribai, wife of Nurbheram Bhavanji.

Dated this 4th day of September, 1939.

AMIN DESAI & NANAVATI.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
961.

Auction Sales

IMPORTANT TO PEARL MERCHANTS AND PRIVATE BUYERS.

HIGH COURT.

Suit No. 1214 of 1931.

ADVOCATE GENERAL
vs.
TARACHAND NAVALCHAND and Others.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for Mr. Tarachand Navalchand and Mr. Gordhandas Tulsidas, Executors of the Will of the late Mr. Jethanand Asanmal sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 15th September, 1939, at 3 p.m. at their Sale Rooms very valuable pearls and pearl ornaments belonging to the Estate of the late Mr. Jethanand Asanmal comprising loose and bunches of pearls, necklaces, Raephels (bangles) including one very valuable bunch of 368 pure white pearls and one do. of 67 pinkish pearls.

Printed list and conditions of sale may be obtained from the undersigned.

On view two days before the sale between 11-30 a.m. and 5 p.m

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
133, Medows Street, Bombay

3RD WEEK

ALEXANDER KORDA presents
FOUR FEATHERS
IN TECHNICOLOR

DRAMA, THRILLS, SPECTACLE, ROMANCE
Released thru'—— UNITED ARTISTS
EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

Grand Musical Extravaganza
TAMIL PICTURE
"THIRUNEELAKANDAR"
Starring:
M. K. THIYAGARAJA BHAGAVATHAR, SERUKULATHUR SAMA, MISS PAPPA, RAJAMANI and OTHERS
A T
PLAZA Talkies Dadar
From SATURDAY, 9th to MONDAY, 11TH
DAILY THREE SHOWS:
WATCH FOR PROPER TIMINGS!

ENTERING 9TH WEEK
FROM TO-MORROW
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IMPERIAL
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
SAGAR'S EPIC on L O V E:
SADHANA
THE FILM WHICH IS GETTING MORE POPULAR

ALL ROADS LEAD TO
THE CAPITOL
WHERE THE
Son of Zambo
Thrills you with his daring, and amuses you with his antics.
Enchanting Bimla Kumari smiles her way into your hearts!
New Songs, new dances, new tunes.
Every day at 4-30, 7-15, 10 p.m.
Matinees—Saturday, Sunday, and Holidays at 1-45 p.m.
PLANS OPEN AT CAPITOL
POPULAR PRICES OF ADMISSION
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A BHAVNANI PRODUCTION
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A CLASS PICTURE with A MASS APPEAL
THAT IS
SAGAR MOVIETONE'S
GRAND DRAMA OF
LOVE, LIFE AND
SACRIFICE!
COMRADES
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JIVAN SATHI
Starring:
SURENDRA and MAYA
Directed By:
NANDLAL JASHVANTLAL
NOW SHOWING AT
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'PHONE 41561
REVISED TIMINGS:
DAILY: 4-15, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
Rates 2-4, 1-12, 1-2 & As. 14, 9 & 4

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Prabhat's

ADMI
(LIFE'S FOR LIVING)
TO-MORROW SEP. 9th
AT
CENTRAL

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM APRIL 1, 1939).
Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 15	20 45
Madras Mail	6 60	22 60
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 51	17.40
Madras Express	10 15	14 50
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 40	18 45
Nagpur Express	14 05	21 25
Poona Fast (Pass.)	16 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 32	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 25	7 00
Deccan Queen (on Fridays only)	—	17 15
Deccan Qn. (on Mondays only)	10 55	—

B. B & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from April 1, 1939.
Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 33	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon.)	21 15 (Sat.)
*The Flying Rance Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Rance, Surat	10 58	18 03
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (on Saturday only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

AIR SERVICES

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

London—Bombay via Poona.

Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj, Ahmedabad and Poona.

Arrival at Poona: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1 p.m.

Delivery in Bombay: Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a.m. and Sunday at 12-30 p.m.

Bombay via Poona—London.

Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O. Bombay; Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 6-30 p.m.

Bombay via Poona—Colombo.

Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.

Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O. Bombay; Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 7-15 a.m.

Colombo—Bombay via Poona.

Delivery in Bombay: Monday at 8 a.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 p.m.

Bombay via Poona and Calcutta—Singapore—Australia

Latest hours of posting: Sunday, Monday and Thursday 6-30 p.m.

Australia—Bombay via Poona and Calcutta

Delivery: Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

Bombay via Poona and Calcutta—Hongkong, China and Japan

Latest hour of posting Monday and Thursday 6-30 p.m.

Hongkong—Bombay

Delivery: Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

The air services of the Air Services of India, Ltd., between Bombay and Kathiawar and between Bombay, Poona and Kolhapur have been suspended on account of the monsoon.

Why you need the special properties of

'OVALTINE'

HEALTH, strength and vigour—depend almost entirely upon nourishment. It is essential therefore that your daily dietary should provide *all* the health-giving properties your body needs.

That is why you need "Ovaltine" which supplies in delicious and easily digestible form, every nutritive element required for creating abundant energy and vitality, and for building up the health of body, brain and nerves.

"Ovaltine" owes its special value to the nature and excellence of its ingredients, and to exclusive highly scientific methods of manufacture. Prepared from Nature's finest tonic foods—ripe barley malt and fresh, creamy, cow's milk, together with valuable natural phosphatides and vitamins, "Ovaltine" is a complete and perfect food. Remember, there is only one "Ovaltine"—there is nothing "just as good". Reject substitutes.

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Distributors: James Wright Ltd., 85a, Ripon Street, Calcutta; also at Bombay, Madras and Karachi.

OE/12/39

"OVALTINE" BISCUITS. The same high standards that have made "Ovaltine" supreme, have now been applied to the production of "OVALTINE" Biscuits. Delicious, digestive and nourishing, they are the daintiest for all occasions and the fact that they contain "Ovaltine" gives them special value. Order some to-day. You will enjoy these really delightful biscuits. Sold in 4 oz. and 8 oz. packets, and 1 lb. tins.

ON THE AIR!

Delhi—I Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

7-30 a. m. Recitation from Quran 7-45 Naat-T-Rasul 7-50 Nagnma-I-Allah Hu 7-55 Kallan Qawwal & party.

12-0 noon Bazm-I-Hal-O-Qal 12-45 p.m. Kanan Bala 1-0 Dance Music. 6-10 Kallan Qawwal & Party 6-30 Muhammad Shafi 6-45 Imamuddin Khan 7-0 For Film Fan 7-15 Naats 7-35 Muhammad Shafi 7-45 For Villagers 8-30 Arabi Nautch Gat 8-35 Kallan Qawwal & party 8-50 Gauhar Sultan 9-35 Sports by P N. Bhatia (from Lahore) 9-50 Variety 10-0 Muhammad Shafi 10-7 Gauhar Sultan 10-15 Kallan Qawwal & party 10-30 Late news.

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

7-30 to 8-30 a. m. & 12-0 noon to 2-0 p. m. As in Delhi 1.

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s.)

6-0 to 6-30 p.m. as In Delhi 1. 6-10 Radio Orchestra. 6-15 Imamuddin Khan. 6-30 to 6-45 as In Delhi 1. 6-45 Gauhar Sultan. 7-0 Muhammad Shafi 7-15 From Khayal to geets, 3 U. P. 7-30 Kallan Qawwal & party 7-45 Vanishing styles 8-10 Sut mind 8-15 Do Ghazzalen 8-30 to 9-50 As in Delhi 1 9-50 for music lovers.

Delhi—III Programme

19.62 metres 15,290 kc/s)

7-30 to 8-30 a. m. and 12-0 noon to 2-0 p.m. as In Delhi 1.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

6-0 to 7-45 p.m. As In Delhi 1. 7-45 to 8-30 as In Delhi 2. 8-30 to 10-30 as In Delhi 1.

Lahore Programme

276 meters (1,086 kc/s)

6-0 p.m. Ata Muhammad 6-15 Tamancha Jan. 6-35 Kallan Qawwal. 6-50 Channun Khan. 7-10 Tamancha Jan. 7-20 Airvoice Orchestra. 7-30 Ata Muhammad. 7-45 For Countryside. 8-15 Story (Hindustani). 8-30 Channun Khan. 8-45 Tamancha Jan. 9-35 Sports, by P. N. Bhatia. 9-50 Sardar Husain. 10-0 Channun Khan. 10-10 Tamancha Jan.

Peshawar Programme

(Broadcasts on 200 m. (1,500 kc/s) from 7-30 to 10-30 p.m., relaying Delhi programmes from 8-30 p.m.)

Bombay—I Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8-0 a.m. Keep Fit! 8-10 News In Hindustani. 8-20 News In English. 8-30 Naat-I-Rasool. 8-45 String Trio. 8-55 Azambai. 9-30 Readings From Marathi Books. by M. Deshpande. 9-35 Jaffar Qawwal. 9-50 Radio Orchestra. 9-57 Khat-Ke Khatke.

12-30 p.m. Jalwa-I-Tur. 12-40 Raqs-O-Naghma. 12-50 Riraq-I-Yar. 1-0 Market Rates. 1-10 Mutual Understanding. 1-25 Pazir Khan. 1-30 Music. 2-30 Music. 2-35 Science, by Dr. S. Saptarshi. 2-50 An Alien Air. 3-0 Kanarese Life and Literature: (Satire), by Prof. Kundangar, Kolhapur College. 6-0 D. R. Nimbargi. 6-15 Naats In A Nutshell 6-25 P. N. Dewoolker. 6-40 Hridayasudha Kantharia, (Gujarati poems). 6-45 D. R. Nimbargi. 7-0 Everyman's Health, by Dr. R. K. Mhatre. 7-15 Jaffar Qawwal. 7-30 Commercial News. 7-45 Bai Azambai. 8-30 Grain, Pulse and Flour, by Mrs. Kumarappa. 8-45 Qawwali In Chorus. 8-55 Talk of Town. 9-0 News In Hindustani. 9-15 News In English. 9-35 P. N. Dewoolkar. 9-50 Jaffar Qawwal. 10-0 Radio Orchestra. 10-15 D. R. Nimbargi. 10-30 Epilogue.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8-0 to 10-0 a.m. and 12-30 to 3-15 p.m. As In Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

6-0 p.m. For Children, (English). 7-0 to 9-35 as In Bombay 1. 9-35 Sebastian Vaz's Orchestra. 10-0 Egidio Verga: Violoncello. 10-20 Sebastian Vaz's Orchestra. 10-30 Epilogue.

Trichy Programme

397 metres (758 kc/s)

2-0 p.m. Flute. 2-15 Voices. 2-30 Veenai Dhanam. 2-45 Devotionals. 6-0 For Villages. 6-30 Tiruvizhimizhalai Ar. S. Subramanya Pillai Brothers: Nagaswaram. 7-0 Tirukkural Dipa Alankaram. 7-15 Shrimati S. R. Meenakshi Sundaram of Satiakudi Vocal. 7-45 Tiruvizhimizhalai Ar. S. Subramanya Pillai Brothers: Nagaswaram. 8-30 Interlude. 8-45 Shrimati S. R. Meenakshi Sundarram of Satiakudi Vocal.

Calcutta—I Programme

(Add 24 miuutes for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

10-30 a.m. Variety. 11-15 Readings from Quran.

12-30 p.m. Max Miller in Theatre. 12-50 Music. 1-30 Science for all. 1-50 Music. 1-57 Fall of Jerusalem. (Bengali). 2-17 Prayer Songs. 5-0 For Children. 6-0 For Children. 6-40 Cocktail Time. 7-30 Moghul Masnad. 9-30 Sachin Das Matilal. 10-0 K. C. Dey.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s.)

10-30 to 11-30 a.m. and 12-30 to 2-30 p.m As in Calcutta 1.

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s.)

5-0 to 7-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1. 7-30 R. N. Das. 7-45 Rama Devi. 8-0 Satyendra Nath Sen. 8-15 Sabita Devi. 8-30 Shova Kundu. 8-45 Vismadev Chatterjee. 9-30 Devi-Satyabhama.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s.)

6-0 p.m. Kripa S. Tewary. 6-15 Light Melodies. 6-25 Valley of Roses. 6-35 Akhtaribai Faizabadi. 6-55 Kripa Shankar Tewary. 7-5 Pankharyan (Hindi). 7-15 For Rural Areas. 7-45 Co-op. Movement. 8-0 For Children 8-45 Akhtaribai. 9-35 Next Day's Programmes. 9-40 Kripa Shankar Tewary. 10-0 Akhtaribai.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

2-0 p.m. Summary of Week's News. 2-5 Lavoisier, by M. Lakshmanan. 2-20 Music. 4-0 Music. 4-3 Things of Interest (Telugu). 4-6 Our Dumb Friends. 4-16 Something Light. 4-20 Music. 5-0 AIR Artists: Veena and Violin. 5-30 K. C. Subramanyam: Voice. 6-0 Anayampatti K. Subbayyar: Jalatarangam. 6-45 For Children (Tamil)). 7-15 Hear! Hear! 7-30 Anayampatti K. Subbayyar: Jalatarangam. 8-0 K. G. Sampthkumarachar: Voice. 8-45 Carnatic Orchestra. 8-55 History in Making. 9-30 Shrimati J. Dharmamba: Voice:

Madras—II Programme

31.35 metres (9,570 kc/s.)

2-0 to 2-30 p.m. As in Madras 1.

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s.)

4-0 to 4-30 p.m. As in Madras 1.

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s.)

5-0 to 6-0 p.m. As in Madras 1. 6-0 Purana Kalakshepam. 6-25 Orchestra. 6-31 Sweetness and Light. 6-41 An Ashtapadi. 6-45 to 9-30 As in Madras 1. 9-30 Selections from 'Pirates of Penzance': Sullivan. 10-0 Conrad Woldreingh.

Hyderabad Programme

411 metres (730 kc/s.)

5-30 p.m. Fiaz Khan, Asthai, Khayal. 6-0 to 6-30 For Children (Urdu.) 6-30 Vimla Bai, Thumri, Ghazals. 7-0 Studio Orchestra, Kalyan. 7-10 "An Amendment" by Mr. H. A. Farooqi. 7-25 Fiaz Khan, Khayal. Thumri. 8-30 Records. 8-45 Vimla Bai, Dadra, Ghazal. 9-15 Fiaz Khan, Asthai, Khayal, Thumri, Bherveen.

B B C Programme

7-30 p.m. Leslie Jeffries and Carlton Hotel Orchestra. 8-0 Beryl Reid (Impersonations). 8-15 Band of Royal Tank Regiment. 9-0 B B C Singers. 9-30 News. 9-45 Cards on Table. 10-0 Recital by R. Robson (Baritone). 10-15 to 10-55 Sports. 11-10 Let People Sing. 11-45 More Food for Thought.

NEWS BROADCAST IN HINDUSTANI AND ENGLISH

All-India Radio, Bombay, announce that News in Hindustani and English will be broadcast until further notice at the following timings:—

8-10 a.m. (Hindustani). 8-20 (English). 12-57 p.m. (Hindustani). 1-30 (English). 6-0 p.m. (English). 6-5 (Hindustani). 10-30 (English).

The items scheduled for the above timings will be cancelled.

Calcutta Bangkok Radio Route Suspended

A telegraph office notification says:

Calcutta—Bangkok Radio Route suspended from fifth.

Thousands of people from all parts of India proceed to Gaya to perform the "Sradh" ceremony, for their ancestors throughout the year, but the most auspicious period to perform this is during the Pitripukh (from the 29th September to the 12th October.) A Mela is also held during the period.

BAIL BONDS OF 35 ACCUSED CANCELLED

(From Our Correspondent).

BHAVNAGAR: Sept. 7.

The Sessions Judge reviewing the case regarding 36 accused now on bail, cancelled the bail bonds of 35 on ground that the accused are committed for serious offences. They are recommitted to jail custody. Abdul Kadar, a high school student, is allowed to remain free on bail.

India And European War

(From A Correspondent.)

UJJAIN, Sept. 5.

Indian attitude towards the war was explained at a huge public meeting held on the 3rd September at the Town Hall Maidan held under the auspices of the Sarvajanik Sabha Local Committee, Ujjain. Syt. Kunwar Bahadur Vakil presided.

European War And Jaipur Chief's Offer

JAIPUR, Sept. 6.

His Highness the Maharaja of Jaipur has offered to take part personally in the War. If the offer is accepted His Highness will join the Life Guards, the Regiment to which he was attached when in London last summer.

His Highness has already placed the services of his troops and the State resources at the disposal of His Majesty the King Emperor.—United Prtss.

DEGREES IN INDIAN MUSIC IN BOMBAY

Premier Kher's Hope For Future

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A University degree in music was looked forward to in the near future by the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, while addressing the students and guests of the School of Indian Music at its 14th annual prize distribution ceremony on Wednesday evening.

Mr. Kher remarked that music was now recognised as a bridge which linked education and culture with discipline.

Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanji welcomed the Prime Minister and the guests and Prof. B. R. Deodhar, Principal of the School gave an account of the progress the school had made during the last 14 years.

The audience was entertained to a programme of vocal and instrumental music in which, among others, Mrs. Indira Sathe, Miss Nalini Honavarkar, Miss Sheela Pandit, Mrs. Manorama Digsi, Mr. Janardan Abhyankar and others took part.

She has NEW Beauty every day!

"A flawless complexion is the first essential to success as a photographer's model," says lovely Jean Hart. The secret is simple, once you understand Nature's process for restoring skin beauty.

Every night while you sleep Nature meant the outer layer of skin gradually to disappear as it was worn out, but often minute particles of this old worn-out cuticle clog up the pores and positively stifle the young growing skin. Then complexions grow dull and patchy. The way to prevent it is to massage your face and neck each night with pure Mercolized Wax. Then, while you sleep, the Mercolized Wax will be gently, imperceptibly, dissolving away every clogging particle of the old, weather-beaten skin and giving the fresh, new, lighter-coloured skin beneath a real chance. But be sure to get pure Mercolized Wax (containing no animal fat) for nothing else works in quite the same natural way. Any chemist, store or bazaar will supply it.

Mercolized Wax

GOLDEN AMLA HAIR OIL

The ingredients of GOLDEN AMLA are all selected directly from nature and even the colour of this Hair Oil comes from the healing herbs used in its preparation. It cleanses the scalp, nourishes the hair roots and growing it luxuriantly, blackens it to a bright gloss.

BENGAL CHEMICAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LD.
CALCUTTA : : :: BOMBAY

Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Princess Street, Bombay—2.

Save that Child!

If germs looked like this how you'd rush to protect your child from them, but unfortunately they don't—you can't see them at all. Doctors testify that germs are the cause of illness and disease—and you can't even see them! But they are there just the same, and you *can* defeat them! They breed in ordinary dust and dirt and you can wash that away with Lifebuoy Soap. Its rich lather is antiseptic, it washes the germs away with the dirt.

Keep your skin healthy and germ-free too, with Lifebuoy Soap. It soothes skin troubles and prickly heat, and if you wash your hands with it before every meal you'll be protecting your food from germs too. Use Lifebuoy, in fact, wherever there is danger of germs.

LIFEBUOY SOAP

MADE IN INDIA FROM PURE VEGETABLE OILS ONLY.

L 5-39

LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

Our Readers' Views

War Profiteering

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Allow me through the columns of your paper to draw Government's attention to the unscrupulous profiteering of several local grocers and stores in articles of daily use such as sugar, tea, rice, baby foods, tin provisions and patent medicines.

Many of these stores have kept huge stocks, and now taking advantage of the situation have increased their prices by more than 50 per cent and in some cases even charging double the original rates.

As the majority of our population consists of people middle and poor class families who are only just able to balance their monthly budget, will the Government do something to stop this excessive and unscrupulous profiteering.

While thousands and thousands of lives will be lost by our brave fighters in this war on meagre salaries, these parasite traders here are out to amass wealth at the misfortune of others. It is, therefore, very necessary that at least prices of food supplies and patent medicines for the sick be controlled as quickly as possible.

I would also take this opportunity of drawing your attention to the fact that although the cost of living has increased by 50 per cent, no firm has so far decided to give any increment to their staff.—Yours, etc.

"HARD-HIT"

India And The War

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The special meeting of the Congress Working Committee has assembled at Ranchi, to decide its attitude towards war. It will be a momentous decision, and the whole of India and England are awaiting it with deep concern and anxiety. The decision will have a far-reaching effect not only on India but on the World at large. This is no time for bargaining and petty conflicts. It shall not become India and its heritage of noble traditions and culture, to bargain at a time when the British Government is confronted with an issue of paramount importance. It is no time to pause and make terms for the freedom of India when the freedom of humanity is at stake. It will be undignified. If Mr. Gandhi's leadership of the Congress is still a reality, we feel confident, that Gandhian spirit will pervade through this session, and prevail eventually. We look forward to Gandhiji now.

We admit that even if India cooperate with Britain and helps Britain to emerge out of the war, a victor, the British Parliament would not modify her views towards India. The treatment meted out to us after our participations in the previous wars, is too vivid in our minds to be obliterated in the present excitement. But if England fails, International Fascism will be a reality. We shall, therefore, be fighting not only for England but against Fasism. We shall be fighting against organised butchery, against economic centralism, against physical serfdom. It would be a sad day for humanity when the evil forces of Fascism are let loose upon us. That will happen if by any misfortune England loses.

The Russo-German Pact is still a strange paradox of modern diplomacy. As I mentioned in your columns before, the ideological differences between Stalin and Hitler are too wide and acute to be bridged up overnight. There is something deep and significant behind it. Stalin cannot risk the socialist state (no matter how defective it may be) founded on twenty years of war and suffering, both internal and external. He cannot risk a counter-revolution at this juncture. But a crushing defeat for Hitler will certainly mean victory for the progressive elements in Germany. That will have a world-wide reaction. Therefore, if India fights, she would be fighting not only for England, but for the progressive forces in Europe. It will be a great contribution toward future World-order, which is yet to come.

We hope and pray that the Congress Working Committee will decide in Britain's favour. We hope, it will rise above narrow Nationalism and base prejudice, and play its commendable role, hand in hand, with the British against the dark forces of Europe. When the fate of Humanity hangs in the balance, fate of India must take a secondary place.—Yours, etc.

"A CITIZEN OF THE WORLD."

II

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—On the occasion of the present international warfare may I request all Muslim brothers to do the right thing at this critical moment and consider it as their foremost duty to render all possible help to His Majesty's Government.

As we know Turkey, the greatest Muslim Power of the world, and Egypt and a dissatisfied country like Syria all have resolved to support whole-heartedly Britain and France against this ruthless aggression of Germany. It is clear as day light that we have every thing to loose if Germany wins and nothing to gain if Britain defeated. This must have been realized by H.E.H. the Nizam who has appealed to all Muslims to support Britain's cause and His Majesty's Government. Even the two well-known and experienced leaders namely Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru have issued similar appeals in favour of British Government in many suitable words. Gandhiji has also hinted us indirectly about the rightness in taking steps by Britain against Germany and I hope Mr. Jinnah will do the same. There remains nothing for us now but whole-hearted and united support to His Majesty's Government.

In this hour of crisis will any individual or any institution be reasonable in asking terms and making conditional support? The majority of Muslims and Indians will never like it. The time has come to sink all differences and unite in one team to support and help His Majesty's Government in all possible ways unconditionally.—Yours, etc.,

SHAIKH ALI BAAKZA.

Co-operative Societies

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Now that the season of annual general meetings of co-operative concerns is fast approacning, I have to request the authorities concerned through the medium of your valued paper that as it is the only opportunity for share holders to vendiate their grievances, they should be held at times convenient to the maximum number of shareholders, and not on working days and in ordinary office working hours as has been prevalent hitherto. Working days might suit the directors who earn their remuneration for the day, and the office staff who are invariably shareholders with a motive to avoid the inconvenience caused by want of quorum and further interested in getting their bonus and other facilities sanctioned. I wish that the co-operative concerns should not follow the lead given by the registered companies in this respect as under the Company Law the number of shares decide the number of votes. I hope the co-operators will be true to their mission by convening the meetings at times convenient to the maximum number of share holders.—Yours etc.,

N. R. HARDIKAR.

A Baroda, message says Mr. Angelo Moses, M.A., F.R.A.C., B.P.E., left Baroda last night on a tour of South India. He will deliver lectures and organise sports activities at important centres in the Tinnevelly District. Mr. Moses is expected to return to Baroda in November.

PRAJA SANGH—SOLELY RESPONSIBLE

(Continued from

ritory in this matter is not a safe one. The State has no other sources of income as in British Districts. The only important source of income is Land Revenue.

In my opinion (which coincides with the opinions of able and experienced Congressmen and administrators), the scheme recommended by the Land Revenue Assessment Committee should be introduced, viz., that the Land Revenue Assessment should be according to the settlement of 1890, and a provision should be made for village uplift, in terms recommended by that Committee, with necessary alterations in accordance with the budgetary conditions of the State. From the standpoint of the ryots, it is the most beneficial scheme to adopt.

EXTRA POLICE NECESSARY

For a State covering an area of 169 square miles, in my opinion, the present police force should be augmented by sufficient additional police, and the force should be manned by efficient and experienced officers at the head, and that force should be maintained until such time, when law and order is restored completely, and people feel, they are free from molestation by agitators from outside These additional force should be posted in areas, which are disturbed.

The cost of maintaining such additional force could be recovered from persons responsible for the riots and disturbances.

The Durbar will be justified in recovering from persons responsible for loss of life and property (on the 5th and 7th of April, 1939) the amount of compensation, and in paying the same to the persons entitled thereto, in accordance with the provisions contained in the Bombay District Police Act.

BAN ON OUTSIDERS

All proper restrictions should be imposed on the activities of irresponsible outsiders, who come to the State, and create communal agitation,—attempt to excite public feeling, and create contempt for law and authority.

Constitutional changes in contemplation should be introduced with due caution and care,—and gradually, looking to the condition of the people, and their training in matters of administration.

Mr. Davar records his appreciation of the help given to him by Congress leaders, particularly Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande, Mr. Shankerrao Deo Dr. Hardikar, Mr. Devakar and Mr H. Kaujalgi. He also writes: "Before I conclude I like to say a word about the Raja Saheb. All Congressmen, who gave evidence before me, showered unstinted praise on the Raja Saheb's independence of action, regard for the public, and his desire to go out of history to do all he can for the good of his subjects.

U. P. BAN ON KHAKSARS

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, September 7.

It appears that despite the Khaksar leader's assurance not to create trouble in these provinces, Government are not sure whether Khaksars will abide by the undertaking. It is curious that just after their release on giving an undertaking, the khaksars stopped a train eighteen miles off Lucknow by pulling a chain. Khaksars, including their leader wanted to return to Lucknow but were prevented by the police. It appears Government have now directed all District Officers to check Khaksars' activities, to issue orders under section 144 promulgated, Allahabad, where the influx and growth of the Khaksars has become "a source of serious menace" according to an official communique. An order prohibits carrying spades or marching in formation of Khaksars in any part of Allahabad District. It appears Khaksars are changing their headquarters from Lucknow to Allahabad.

Gomantaka Maharatta Samaj Anniversary

(From A Correspondent).

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The thirteenth anniversary of the Gomantaka Maharatta Samaj, Bombay, was celebrated tonight, at Wagh Hall, Bombay, under the presidentship of the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay. The proceeding commenced with vocal and instrumental music as well as a Gopi dance, after which Dr. Mulgaoker welcomed the Prime Minister and other guests.

Mr. Dinker gave a short history of the activities of the Samaj during the last year.

The Prime Minister said that he was glad that this celebration came on the very day on which day the birthday of Lord Shree Krishna is celebrated throughout India. This portended a bright future for the Samaj.

Weather Report

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Sept. 7.

The following table gives the details of the weather for the 24 hours ended at 8 a.m. on Wednesday, together with the rainfall departure from normal since June 1, 1939:—

	Temperature Max.	Min.	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Total Since June 1	Difference to normal.
Agra	81	69	1.4	16.5	—3.4
Amritsar	79	73	1	22.0	—0.8
Akola	84	73	—	23.0	+2.2
Ahmedabad	90	73	—	19.0	—4.3
Ajmer	87	77	—	7.2	—9.6
Ahmednagar	87	68	—	10.4	—2.3
Ambala	96	69	—	16.9	—3.7
Allahabad	92	79	0.8	33.1	+2,9
Benares	90	69	0.4	26.2	—3.7
BOMBAY	85	77	0.1	50.2	—8.7
Bangalore	84	66	—	9.2	—4.9
Bhopal	84	74	—	42.9	—
Baroda	88	74	T	25.7	—
Belgaum	76	65	0.1	59.1	+25.0
Banawalpore	102	80	—	1.7	—2.1
Bijapur	88	—	—	9.6	+0.3
Bellary	86	70	—	5.3	—1.7
Bhavnagar	87	73	T	24.5	+7.7
Chittagong	89	78	0.1	79.1	+12.6
Calcutta	91	79	0.2	53.0	+13.2
Cuttack	86	77	0.9	32.9	—4.9
Cawnpore	91	79	—	23.9	—4.9
Calicut	86	74	—	80.0	+3.3
Colombo	86	79	—	21.5	+4.1
Cheerapunji	76	65	1.1	292.4	+9.4
Cocanada	87	77	T	14.7	—3.0
Cochin	82	76	—	74.9	+8.9
Dehra Dun	87	73	T	76.3	+9.0
Delhi	91	78	0.2	12.5	—6.8
Dehra I. Khan	103	77	—	0.3	—4.7
Desa	89	78	—	10.3	+0.9
Dalhousie	—	—	0.3	45.0	—8.4
Fort Sandeman	98	76	—	3.3	—1.7
Gorakhpur	87	79	0.6	40.2	+3.6
Hyderabad (Dn.)	86	74	—	11.7	—7.5
Hyderabad (Sd.)	94	77	—	—	—5.6
Indore	85	70	0.4	28.4	+3.3
Jhansi	87	76	1.0	31.3	+2.5
Jubbulpore	85	74	2.9	48.1	+3.8
Jacobabad	99	80	—	—	—2.1
Jaipur	88	78	—	7.0	—12.6
Karachi	85	76	—	0.1	—5.6
Kodaikanal	66	53	—	11.4	—6.3
Khandwa	87	73	—	24.4	+2.3
Lucknow	91	79	—	28.6	—0.7
Ludhiana	98	81	—	10.6	—8.6
Lahore	103	85	—	7.4	—6.2
Lyallpur	104	83	—	5.4	—4.5
Multan	102	82	—	2.6	—2.2
Mysore	86	65	—	5.9	—4.7
Madras	97	81	—	3.3	—8.4
Marmagoa	82	74	0.9	69.1	—
Malegaon	87	69	—	16.2	+2.9
Mussoorie	69	49	0.3	51.0	—15.0
Mahableshwar	65	60	0.7	211.5	25.3
Murree	76	60	—	19.4	—13.1
Mount Abu	72	66	T	19.1	—33.9
Masulipatam	89	75	0.1	12.9	—7.5
Mandalay	91	77	—	26.4	+12.1
Mangalore	85	74	0.5	95.4	—4.1
Meerut	—	—	0.1	12.4	—10.5
Mercara	72	63	0.1	79.3	—16.7
Nagpur	86	74	0.4	32.5	—4.4
Ootacamund	67	47	—	21.3	—1.2
Patna	93	81	0.1	39.4	+3.7
Peshawar	101	80	—	1.1	—2.9
Poona	82	68	T	14.0	—2.3
Pachmarhi	75	67	1.1	79.5	+19.2
Port Blair	—	74	0.2	43.5	—12.4
Quetta	94	60	—	0.6	—
Ranchi	80	71	0.2	39.1	—0.5
Rawalpindi	99	81	—	11.1	—9.3
Ratnagiri	81	74	0.3	116.5	+31.4
Rajkot	86	72	T	4.9	—17.0
Sialkot	99	81	—	12.0	—8.3
Srinagar	91	65	—	2.7	—3.8
Sholapur	92	70	0.1	8.9	—6.2
Shillong	75	63	0.1	47.1	—0.4
Simla	66	58	1.4	40.0	—3.7
Surat	86	75	—	28.3	—5.6
Salem	96	75	0.1	14.7	—0.4
Trichinopoly	98	79	—	7.4	—0.6
Trivandrum	85	77	—	26.7	+0.8
Vizagapatam	95	80	—	8.0	—8.9
Ahmedabad	90	75	—	19.6	—4.6

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 7-9-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.004 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.7 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 85.0 degrees (normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.5 degrees 1.0 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 90 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S p.c.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 9 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 96 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 26 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 9.

Rain in 24 hours 0.08 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 1.60 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 50.23 inches.

Weather Remark.—Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 7-9-39.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.7 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.02 inches and compensated aneroid 29.82 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level

BOMBAY, Sept. 6

A notification issued by the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay, states that the Calcutta-Bangkok radio route has been suspended from September 5.—United Press.

All-India Weather Report

POONA, September 7.

A depression off Balasore crossed the Coast yesterday and moved North-Westwards. It lies this morning with the centre near Jubbulpore. Monsoon had been strong in Orissa, Central Provinces, active in and near East Punjab Hills. Local rain have occurred in Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, United Provinces, Central India, Konkan and North Madras Coast, while a few falls have been reported from Bihar, South-East Rajputana, South Hyderabad, Malabar, South-East Madras and Madras-Deccan

The chief amounts of rainfall were:—Raipur, Sambalpur 4 inches; Tezpur, Jubbulpore 3 inches; Kanker 2 inches; Silchar, Agra, Neemuch, Seoni, Simla 1 1|2 inches; Cherrapunji, Cuttack, Jhansi, Pendra, Pachmarhi, Raichur, Marmagao, 1 inch; Kurnool 3|4 of an inch; Udaipur 1|2 an inch.—A.P.

BARODA, Sept. 6.—The Baroda Government have sanctioned a programme of spreading literacy among the adult people in the State, and a sum of Rs. 10,000 has also been earmarked for expenditure to be incurred on this account.

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SMOOTH VELVETY ACTION
Adapts itself to your style of writing
From all Depots and Stores
INDIA'S MOST POPULAR WRITER

CONTRACT NEARLY LOST THROUGH FEVER

"I had three weeks in which to secure a contract," writes Mr. N. V. Rao, business man from Bandra. "Then I went down with fever. Although my progress was satisfactory I despaired of getting back to business. I couldn't eat, vomitted, lost weight. Then my doctor advised Horlicks. The change was miraculous. My strength came back. The fever weakness left me. Two days before my time expired I signed the contract. My business was saved, thanks to Horlicks."

Mr. N. V. Rao,
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Free burnishing rinse included.

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"UZON" gives just that final touch of distinction to the coiffure. This highly refined brilliantine gives a glossy appearance to the hair, and is invaluable to those with overdry scalp.

In liquid or solidified form.

Special Notice to the GREY HAIRED: If your hair is grey, going grey or losing its colour, you should instantly use ASTOL Hair Colour Restorer

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Stockists:—
1. BOMBAY SWADESHI CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Western India Building, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road.
2. THE CAWNPORE MILLS DEPOT, Churchgate Street, Bombay.
THE SAMPAT SWADESHI STORES, 28-29-30 Shami Galli, Swadeshi Market, Bombay No. 2.

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For pimples, rashes, sores ringworm, ulcers, dhobis itch, Bengal rot, unequalled for ECZEMA

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In between your teeth, ugly stains develop untouched unless you use a *fully* penetrative toothpaste — Odol Tooth Paste! Odol *whitens* your teeth by gently penetrating to every part of their surface and in between as well, removing not only the surface mucus but the hard deposit beneath, which is a breeding ground for decay germs. For gleaming, beautiful teeth, always use Odol. Perfect for children's teeth too.
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Tarzan (with the wonder-boy, Tarzan, Jr.) returns...in the most amazing jungle adventures ever filmed!

TARZAN FINDS A SON!
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HENRY STEPHENSON
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2ND WEEK!
WHO IS HE?
EDWARD SMALL presents
The Alexander Dumas Classic

THE MAN IN THE IRON MASK
A James Whale production
LOUIS HAYWARD JOAN BENNETT
with WARREN WILLIAM JOSEPH SCHILDKRAUT ALAN HALE
Directed by JAMES WHALE
Screenplay by George Bruce
NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Shrawan Vad 9, 1995
Muslim: Rajab 23, 1358
Parsi: Farvardin 3, 1309
Hightide: 6-46, 18-23
Lowtide: —, 13-16
Sunrise: 6h. 25m.
Sunset: 6h. 45m.
Municipal Standing Committee, 3-40 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

UTHAMNA CEREMONY

Shrijut Amerchand Kalidas, Share and Stock Broker, passed away on Wednesday 6-9-39 at 4-40 a.m. (St. Time). His Uthamna Ceremony will take place on Friday, 8-9-1939 at 4-30 p.m. (Bombay Time) at his place of residence at New Bhatia Baug Building, 121, Fort Street, Fort, Bombay, opposite Bhatia Baug. Deeply mourned by his wide circle of relatives and friends.

GANGUBAI SAYANA DISPENSARY

The total attendance during the month of August 1939 was 1,866, out of whom 1,043 were males, 823 were females of all castes and creeds.

POSTAL NOTICE

German Air Service between Greece and Germany will not be utilised and therefore, articles superscribed India-Greece-Germany for countries concerned, will not be accepted for transmission.

INSTITUTION OF ENGINEERS (INDIA)

A general meeting will be held to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) in the Institution Room at the above address to discuss the paper on "Bonded Brick Concrete Roads, Plain and Reinforced" by Mr. A. K. Datta.

Mr. T. R. S. Kynnersley, M.I.E., will open the discussion.

BOMBAY PORT HAJ COMMITTEE

Executive Officer, Port Haj Committee writes:—

Intimation has been received from Messrs. Turner, Morrison and Company, Ltd., Bombay, that their s.s. 'Jehangir' which was advertised to sail with pilgrims from Bombay on the 14th instant has been withdrawn owing to the present international situation and the assumption of control of the Merchant Shipping by the Admiralty and that for the time being no vessels are allowed to proceed beyond Aden.

HINDI EXAMINATIONS

The ensuing Hindi Examinations for the Dadar-Matunga Centre will be held according to time-table on the 9th and 10th September 1939 at the King George English School, Hindu Colony, Dadar-Matunga Estate, G. I. P. Candidates are requested to note the change of address of the centre.

OCHAVALAL NAZAR DISPENSARY

At the Ochavalal Nazar Ayurvedic Charitable Dispensary conducted by the Social Service League, Bombay, at Parel, the total number of patients treated during the month of August, 1939 was 1,061 of which 621 were men, 272 women and 168 children. The daily average attendance of patients was 42.

BACHUBAI KANJI DISPENSARY

At the Bai Bachubai Seth Kanji Karsondas Charitable Dispensary for Women and Children, conducted by the Social Service League, Bombay, at Parel, the total number of patients treated during the month of August 1939 was 1,458 of which 844 were women and 614 children. The daily average attendance of patients was 58.

PASSENGERS ON BOARD THE "CONTE BIANCAMANO"

The Indo-Burma Trading Company's Passage Department have received two Radiograms from the Passengers on s.s. 'Conte Biancamano.' From these Radiograms it can be seen that all the India Bound Passengers have been disembarked at Singapore and all of them are hale and hearty. They further state that they will be coming to India by the first available steamer.

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From War Scare Bargain Prices
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All Departments
JEWELLERY
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CARPETS
& CURIOS
Visit To-day
Great Monsoon Sale
Closes Tomorrow
8-30 p. m.
AT
Pohoomull Bros. (India)
275 Hornby Road,
Fort, Bombay.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Son of Zambo." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Little Princess." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Tarzan Finds A Son." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Four Feathers." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Man In The Iron Mask." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Comrades." Daily at 4-15, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Durga." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"The Great Moghul." Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Netaji Palkar." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Raja Shriyal." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Suez." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Adhuri Kahani." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"The Great Moghul." Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Devdas." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Sadhana." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sant Tulsidas." Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

OBLIGATIONS TO ENEMY FIRMS

BOMBAY, Sept. 7.

The following Press Note has been issued by the Office of the Controller of "Enemy Firms":—

"Persons with obligations to enemy firms may obtain conditional discharge of those obligations by payment of the amount due in respect of such obligations to the nearest branch of the Imperial Bank of India.

"For the definition of an "enemy firm" they are referred to Section 103 (w) of the Defence of India Rules."—A.P.

Appeal To Radio-Service

We, the undersigned, wish to appeal to every radio-service organisation and radio servicemen to consider their services for putting the radio receivers of the country in proper working order, and maintaining them, at normal pre-war time charges, as a national duty. They should not take undue advantage of the present situation.

Every radio receiver, in good working condition, is an important link between the public and the authorities, who only can keep the public informed of the correct news. This contributes a great deal towards avoiding false rumours which might cause unnecessary anxiety.

Sharma Trading Company (Zenith Radio).
Vishwanath Radio Corporation.
Nariman Sethna.
Washington Radio Service.
Mehta Brothers.
One Way Radio Stores.
Westinghouse Stores.
United Radio Corporation.
International Trading Corporation.
U. S. L. Sales and Service.
The Radio Service
The Radio Electric.
The Standard Radio Co.
Korting Radio House.
Saba Radio Co.
India Radio Service.

YOUNG ANDHRA STUDY GROUP

The Young Andhra Study Group will be inaugurated to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m. by Prof. Pratapgiri at 770 First Road, Parsi Colony, Dadar. He will speak on "The Social Problem."

JANJIRA STATE SUBJECTS

A public meeting was held at Lower Parel, on Sunday of Janjira State subjects unanimously passed a resolution to send a deputation to interview H. H. the Nawabsaheb with a view to impress upon His Highness the urgency of redressing the grievances and granting the demands of the people at an early date.

RASHTRABHASHA EXAMINATIONS

The Secretary, Hindi Prachar Sabha writes:—

The All-India Rashtrabhasha Examinations of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti Wardha will be held on 9th and 10th September. The Seat-Arrangement for the different Centres is as follows:—

(1) Girgaon (A) Gokhale Education Society's High School, near Congress House for only Prarambhic candidates.
(B) Aryan Education Society's High School, near Opera House Tram Terminus for Prevesh, Parichaya, and Kovid.
(2) Dadar: The King George High School, Hindu Colony, near Ruia College.
(3) Khar: Sharda Mandir, Linking Road.
(4) Vile Parle: Gokalibai High School.
(5) Fort: Kabibai High School, Holi Chakala, Bori Bunder.

Hall tickets can be had from the centres or the Sabha Office, Adenwala Mansion, near Wilson College, Chowpatty Sea Face. Candidates should be present half an hour earlier.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION

All up air service suspended with immediate effect. No mail should be forwarded by air to any country unless prepaid with air fee following rates and fulfils conditions laid down for air mail articles. Flat rate including postage for letters for all participating countries 14 annas for every half ounce or portion thereof and postcards six annas each postcard. Air fee on letters and rate per postcard for each non-participating country increased by 12 annas and 4 annas respectively. Air mail fee on foreign money orders raised to six annas for each money order. Rates for letters for participating countries for despatch by sea 2 1/2 annas for a weight not exceeding one ounce and two annas for every additional ounce or fraction thereof and two annas for each single postcard Rates for letters, postcards, money orders for Burma and Ceylon for despatch by surface or air remain unchanged.

WHEN NIMBKAR WILL BE BACK

BOMBAY, Sept. 6

According to private advices received here, Mr. R. S. Nimbkar, labour leader of Bombay, who is now in the Continent will leave Moscow to-morrow, September 7 by train for Istanbul wherefrom he will motor to India.—United Press.

'Towards Kingdom Of God'

Reject Fascism & Communism, Says Dr. Jones

"The real rulers of India have not been the Moghuls, the Mahrattas or the British but the rapidly evolving customs. Five great and significant changes are taking place in India the first is Intellectual Revolution, second, Social Revolution, third, Economic Revolution, fourth, Political Revolution, and the fifth, the Moral and Spiritual Revolution," observed Dr. E. Stanley-Jones on Thursday evening when he delivered his first of a series of lectures at the Taj Mahal Hotel, Bombay, to a large audience.

Mr. R. P. Masani presided and in his introducing remarks mentioned the international fame of the speaker both in the East and West.

Dr. Stanley-Jones in his address the theme of which was "The Present Order, Fascism, Communism and the Kingdom of God," said that India's problems were no longer just India's problems but they were human problems. There was no watertight East and West but humanity was one and facing the same fundamental problems. The East and the West had to work out their destinies together and not apart as they were alternate beats of the same heart.

There were only three paths to achieve this. The first was to go to Fascism, the second to Communism and the third to turn to the Kingdom of Heaven.

The speaker then lucidly described the evils of both Fascism and Communism which had failed to produce the desired results and ended in chaos and bloody war.

The Kingdom of Heaven was, therefore, the only alternative which would bring about a world of peace devoid of greed and human ambitions.

Engineering College Gathering

The Degree Classes of the College of Engineering, Poona, celebrated their annual social gathering, on September 1. Sir A. R. Dalal, I.C.S., (Retired) was the Chief Guest, and many other distinguished persons were also present. Amongst these were the Hon. Mr. Nurie, the Minister in charge of Public Works.

Principal Mascarenhas welcomed the Chief Guest introduced him to the Gathering as an old member of the steel frame now engaged in organizing the production of steel.

Mr. N. N. Mehta, the General Secretary, then read a brief report of the sporting activities of the College during the past year.

After distributing the prizes, Sir Ardeshir assured the students of his willingness to take them up at Jamshedpur, provided they were well qualified. He gave details of the terms under which apprentices were appointed and the same time pointed out his difficulties in taking up a very large numbers by contrasting the economic conditions of India with those of the United Kingdom and America.

All-Bombay Nadu Habba Celebration

A meeting of all the Kannada Associations of Bombay which was convened in connection with the All-Bombay Kanna Nadu Habba celebration, was held on Wednesday in the Guzdar Chambers, Fort, under the presidentship of Dewan Bahadur K. Ramaswamy.

It was decided at the meeting to celebrate the Nadu Habba on 15th October next at a place to be notified shortly. In order to make the necessary arrangement in this connection three sub-committees were appointed, one for publicity, another for drawing up the programme, and a third for finance. It was also decided to request all the Kanada Organisations to co-operate with the work of the all-Bombay Nadu Habba Committee whole-heartedly and thus ensure its success.

The President made a fervent appeal to all Kannadigas in Bombay to treat the 15th of October as a day of pilgrimage and to turn up in full strength on the occasion. He also voiced the hope that this occasion may prove to be the forerunner of a Federation of all the Kannada associations in Bombay, which, he said, was essential for the development of Kannadigas to their full stature socially, educationally, industrially and, in short, in all spheres of life.

Talk Of The Suburbs

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

The Bandra festival is approaching very fast. Just a few days more and Bandra will be alive with its usual celebrations. Great activities prevail in the entire Bandra area.

Down the hill the area of about over a mile is all covered with stalls ready to function, the moment the gates of this festival will be thrown open.

The Bandra Municipality has only just started their repair works all along the road to the fair.

I have year by year written on repairs of this road being carried earlier but little heed has been paid. With this newly repaired road just a small shower is enough to spoil a long planned frock or a well tailored suit.

LIGHTING NEAR BANDRA TALKIES.

The road spot along Ghodbunder road off the gates of the Bandra talkies has been noted as a black spot for motorists. This portion is very poorly lighted. The authorities must look into this matter.

BLACK-OUT IN CITY

Successful Demonstration On Wednesday Night

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A complete black-out on the Marine drive and Chowpatty was effected last night as an experimental measure. The entire stretch of the coast from the Colaba point to Chowpatty was enveloped in darkness while the cars running along the Marine drive had only their side lights on. All the passenger buses of the B.E.S.T marked for the Chowpatty route had been fitted with sea blue lights in the interior while the head lights had been completely switched off. The gas lamps in the streets leading up to Chowpatty have been shaded black partially so as to be rendered glare proof.

Arrangements have been undertaken to restrict lighting in other parts of the city. Appeals will shortly be made to the public to co-operate in the matter of restricting lights in their houses.

The air raid signalling by means of telephone and sirens will be given further trials in the course of the week. The first experiments on telephone which were made during this week have been successful according to reports received by the A. R. P. authorities.

THEN o-o-oh!
"I had almost given up hope of ever being cured of my rheumatism. It used to come on suddenly, and I had to be almost carried to bed. I tried everything but found no relief."
NOW ha-ha-ha
"One day I happened to be in the chemists and I heard another customer buying Kruschen Salts for rheumatism, so I decided to get some too. From that day I have never looked back. My pains became less and have now completely gone."
Kruschen contains special salts which have a very quick action on the uric acid crystals — the source of the pain. The sharp edges melt and the crystals are reduced to a harmless fluid which is soon dispelled from the system. Kruschen Salts banish rheumatism and keep you permanently fit.
You can obtain Kruschen Salts at all chemists, stores and bazars.

YOU TOO CAN HAVE THAT KRUSCHEN FEELING!

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Corporation Bye-Elections

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following notification:

Two vacancies have been caused in the Bombay Municipal Corporation and very soon these will have to be filled by by-elections in the respective constituencies. The first of these vacancies is caused in Constituency No. 8 (D I—Khetwadi-Tardeo) by reason of resignation of Sjt. D. S. Babrekar, who has been appointed a Presidency Magistrate. The second vacancy is in the Constituency No. 7 (C-III—Dhobi Talao-Fanaswadi) which has been caused by the death of Sjt. Gunvantlal V. Kapadia.

The B.P.C.C. has decided to contest both these seats in the by-elections.

Applications are, therefore, invited from those candidates who want to be nominated by the Congress. The application forms are available at the Congress House. The applications must reach the office of the B.P.C.C. on or before the 11th September, 1939.

Late Seth Amarchand Kalidas

The "Bombay Chronicle" regrets to announce the untimely death of Sjt. Amarchand Kalidas, which took place on Wednesday, at an early age of 48. He was born in Bombay of a merchant parent who occupied a place of prominence in the Mahajan of his caste. His father died when Sjt. Amarchand was yet a boy and he grew up under the care of his brother. He joined business after two years of study at Arts College and soon after became a member of the Bombay Share and Stock Exchange. He was a Congressman and had made a handsome contribution to the Tilak Swarajya Fund. He leaves behind him his widow, two sons and three daughters and a large circle of friends who deeply mourn his loss.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1939

DOWN WITH PROFITEERING

The public will whole-heartedly welcome the Bombay Government's warning to profiteers and their decision to fix prices for essential commodities. Though it is only a few days since war was declared by Britain, profiteering has spread in the city to a scandalous extent even with regard to commodities that are not imported. The position becomes intolerable when the prices of common food-stuffs and medicines are suddenly raised out of all proportion to any probable increase in their cost price. In a Press Note that is none too early the Bombay Government warn all traders that unless profiteering is forthwith stopped stringent action will be taken against those found guilty of it. If purchasers find that traders, in spite of this warning, demand excessive prices, they are requested to inform the police immediately.

The warning seems to have had some effect on some retailers, but it is felt by many that the effect will not be long or adequate and that sterner action by Government is immediately necessary. It is, therefore, a relief to learn that Government have decided to fix prices of essential commodities. They are now in a position to do so as the Central Government have delegated their authority to them to issue orders under the Defence of India Rules controlling prices. Rule 81 provides that any person who contravenes any of its provisions will be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years. We trust the maximum prices which the Bombay Government propose to fix will be published immediately, as otherwise it may be difficult to prove the guilt of offending traders. Meanwhile, Government rightly expect the public to co-operate with them by not buying excessive supplies and "by refusing to pay excessive prices and postponing their purchases where possible."

It must be realised, however, that mere regulation of prices will not meet the needs of the situation if the war is protracted. Early action must be taken to speed up indigenous production of articles whose imports are now necessarily restricted. A special Planning Committee may well be set up for the purpose, one of its terms of reference being the utilisation of handicrafts and cottage industries in increasing and speeding up supplies.

Ramdurg Riots

The State of Ramdurg has just published the Report of Mr. J. D. Davar, ex-Judge of the Bombay High Court, who was appointed by the State to conduct an inquiry into the riots that occurred on the 7th of April 1939. His main terms of reference were to inquire into the origin of the riots, to ascertain if sufficient efforts were made to prevent them, and to decide if there was justification for the firing during the riots. Mr. Davar holds the local Praja Sangh solely responsible for the unrest in the State culminating in the riots and adds that "till this body of agitators made their first appearance in May 1938 the Ramdurg State was happy and contented". Mr. Davar is wrong in interpreting the apparent calm in the State for happiness and contentment and in not making allowance for the various contributory causes of the unrest in the State. We fear he has also exaggerated the responsibility of the Sangh for the unrest. He, however, confirms public opinion by his view that the firing during the riots on the 7th April was "justifiable and timely".

A notable feature of the Report is the unstinted tribute paid by Mr. Davar to the work and worth of several Congress leaders who assisted in the inquiry, particularly Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande, Mr. Shankerrao Deo, Mr. Rangarao Diwakar, Dr. N. S. Hardikar, and Mr. H. S. Kowjalgi. He says: "One only regrets that the hot-headed agitators belonging to the Praja Sangh did not make full use of the advice given by these selfless workers, who work for the benefit of the people without any eye to personal gain or patronage. All of them have very wide experience of what their impressions about agitation were. They are also well-versed in the art of controlling elements, that at times, explode without notice. If their advice had been followed, the disaster of the 7th of April and its aftermath would have been avoided"! The Raja Saheb, too, we have reason to believe, fully appreciates the services of these leaders and has often sought and been benefited by the guidance of Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande. We trust he will continue to seek his guidance, particularly in extending constitutional reforms in the State. Mr. Davar recommends that constitutional changes in contemplation should be introduced with due caution and care,—and gradually, looking to the condition of the people, and their training in matters of administration. It may be noted, however, that excessive caution will be as unwise as insufficient caution. If the Raja Saheb emulates the example of the Chief of Aundh and confers responsible government on the people, the consequent sense of responsibility on their part will be itself a guarantee of the peace and progress of the State.

Maulana Azad's Suggestion

In a statement on the situation confronting the country and the Congress, Maulana Abul Kalam says:

> Unity is the first condition for success. I mean both kinds of unity, communal as well as political. The want of unity has always been the most vulnerable point of our national struggle.

We agree with every word of the Maulana. Unity is even more essential to-day when the people are faced with a problem which is literally unprecedented. Whatever decision may be taken by the Congress Working Committee, it is quite plain that its success will depend entirely on how far the whole nation is united upon it. The Working Committee has done well to invite the leaders of the different political groups within the Congress. But something more is needed: it is the co-operation of the Muslim League. A conference with the leaders of this body is, in our opinion, an urgent and vitally important condition precedent to any policy which the Working Committee may determine upon. To quote Maulana Abul Kalam Azad again: "To-day it is better to agree and unite on error than to differ and disunite in search of correctness." No wiser words could be said about the unparalleled character of the problem that confronts us and the need for a truly national solution of it.

Indians In Trinidad

BY DR. LANKA SUNDARAM, M.A., PH.D. (LONDON)

AS unregistered marriages are not recognised in Trinidad and as Indians dislike registration, 90 per cent. of the children born to Indians are returned in statistics reports as illegitimate!

Barring the small Indian community of 25,000 in Jamaica, Indian settlers in Trinidad are to-day facing a situation which is much worse than that facing their compatriots in any part of the Caribbean zone. There are Indians in British Guiana, as there are Indians in the neighbouring Colony of Surinam or Dutch Guiana. In each case, Indian settlers are able to hold out their own in the face of severe competition from the indigenous inhabitants and unsympathetic treatment from the local administrations. It is now clear that despite the fact that there are over 150,000 Indians in Trinidad and Tobago, constituting slightly over one-third of the Colony's population, they are unable to pull the weight which is their due. In any case, Indians in Trinidad are conscious of the fact that until energetic steps are taken, and taken without further delay, their legitimate position in the economy of the Colony would not be secured for them. In this uphill fight of theirs, Indians of Trinidad look to the Mother Country for guidance and help.

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Mr. J. D. Tyson, who is now Secretary to the Government of India in the Communications Department, has recently visited Trinidad along with other British West Indies colonies and submitted his report on the position of Indians there to the Royal Commission on West Indies, which is to-day writing its report in London. Dr. Parashu Ram Sharma, the Sanatanist missionary has spent eighteen months in the West Indies, mostly in Trinidad, and submitted his findings on the present conditions of Indian settlers therein to the Government and the people of India. The present writer has had the benefit of extensive talks with Dr. Sharma on the problems facing our countrymen in the West Indies. Indian associations of Jamaica, British Guiana and Trinidad have submitted exhaustive memoranda to the Royal Commission and were subjected to the severest cross-examination at the hands of the members thereof. The volume of data now available to the Royal Commission on the moral and material conditions of Indians in the West Indies, and particularly in Trinidad, is indeed extensive. India expects from the Royal Commission workable recommendations which are, when implemented, likely to improve the lot of her nationals resident in the distant colonies of the West Indies group. Whatever is done in the case of the British West Indies colonies is bound to favourably react upon the position of Indians in Surinam. The case of Indians in Trinidad, however, deserves separate treatment below.

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It has been said that one in three in the population of Trinidad and Tobago is an Indian, but the sad fact remains that our nationals do not as yet pull their weight in the Councils of the Colony. The real reason for this very unfortunate state of affairs is that both the Local Government and the Sterling Companies in London attach more than reasonable importance to the Oil Industry of the Colony. Strategic and other international considerations naturally attach value to the oil resources of Trinidad, but the essential fact remains that it is the Agricultural Industry which gives sustenance to the people of the Colony. The Report of the Director of Agriculture, Trinidad, published last year, states this point in the most indisputable manner possible when it emphasises the fact that "whereas the oil industry is of great importance, the largest Sugar Company employed more labour in 1937 than the entire Petrolium Industry, and 43 per cent of that year's Sugar Crop was produced by farmers." In this exposition of the economy of Trinidad lies the strength and weakness of our 150,000 nationals in that Colony.

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Indian settlers in Trinidad are essentially agricultural in character, and comparatively insignificant numbers of our nationals are engaged in the Island's Oil Industry. It is quite true that the riots in the Oil Industry of Trinidad broke out in 1937 in the essentially Indian town of Fyzabad, but it is a Negro gentleman Mr Uriah Butler who led the strikers who are almost entirely composed of the African people. There are small numbers of Indians employed as industrial labour in the cities and towns of Trinidad, but the preponderating proportion of the Indian settler community is either composed of small agricultural farmers or of agricultural labour. A ruralised population dispersed over the length and breadth of a distant country is prone to get itself lost in its strange environment and unless the Government concerned takes energetic steps to uplift it there is very little scope for it to find its level. As such it does not come as a big surprise to read in the memorandum submitted jointly by all the Indian associations of Trinidad to the Royal Commission on West Indies that our nationals are not to be found in the service of the Government and local authorities to the extent to which their population and present position warrants. It is stated in this Memorandum that out of a total of 736 places available in the Island's representative bodies, ranging from the Legislative Council to Widows' and Orphans' Pension Fund Committee, there are only 39 places occupied by Indians. Again, the Memorandum States that among the listed functionaries of Trinidad's Civil List numbering 1275, only 89 are Indians. This is a very sad tale, indeed.

Sadder still is the present moral conditions of our nationals in Trinidad. In the evidence led by Indian leaders before the Royal Commission, it is stated that out of a total of 177,760 persons in the Colony who are unable to read and write as many as 106,972 are Indians, and the facts must be remembered that for every Indian in the Island there are two non-Indian residents therein, and that for every literate Indian there are more than three illiterate compatriots of theirs residing side by side with them. This problem of illiteracy is a very vital one facing our settler community of Trinidad, but on this score, for which the constructive responsibility of the local Government is not minimal, the authorities concerned cannot be exonerated. For nearly one hundred years Indian settlers of Trinidad have allowed themselves to become the hewers of wood and drawers of water of their masters, but with the abolition of Indenture after the Great War the time has arrived when they demand their legitimate rights of citizenship in the Colony. For nearly two decades Indians in Trinidad have enjoyed freedom from the shackles of Indenture, but if they have not even to-day reached the goal of self-expression it only shows that the odds they are facing are indeed very stubborn.

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Two illustrations need be given to demonstrate the extremely unhelpful attitude of the Trinidad Government to the legitimate needs of the Indian settler community. Dr. Parashu Ram Sharma has shown repeatedly, and this fact is borne out by the Tyson Memorandum, that the non-recognition of Hindu and Muslim religious marriages in Trinidad has led to a very alarming problem of illegitimacy among our

(Continued on page 9, col. 1)

Defeating Policy Of Indianisation

(From A Special Correspondent.)

It was after a continuous and powerful struggle that the leaders of the popular opinion in the legislatures made the Government of India accept the policy of Indianisation in the higher services of Port Trusts in India and direct the Port Trusts not only to encourage that policy but act effectively in accordance with it. As the Indian Trustees have, however, been in a minority on all these bodies, the European Chairman of these Trusts, with the help of the majority of the European Trustees, have been able to maintain their traditional policy of preserving these higher posts for the ruling race and thus deny the just claims of the Indians to serve in their own country.

As a result of the acceptance of the policy of Indianisation and in response to the representations of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, a scheme was evolved by the Bombay Port Trust to give training to suitable Indians to man the higher posts in the mechanical branch of that body. Mr. Zafar Ahmad, a capable Indian, was sent for higher training to England where he got further experience and his services, after his return, were found to be completely satisfactory. On the 18th May, 1937, the Finance and General Committee actually recommended that Mr. Zafar Ahmed be confirmed in his post as Assistant Mechanical Superintendent and the Chief Engineer had stated that Mr. Zafar Ahmed was considered capable of taking any responsibility of that post. It is, however, inexplicable why the proposal for approving this recommendation of the Finance and General Committee which was actually on the agenda was withdrawn at the last moment. Within a month of that date, Mr. Walker, who was working as a Dredging Master, was promoted to the post of the Assistant Mechanical Superintendent over the head of Mr. Zafar Ahmed and was given the place of seniority. Moreover the only justification that was given by the then Chairman for thus bringing in Mr. Walker from another department to the Mechanical Branch was that Mr. Walker had experience of the floating plant.

A Surprise

Several of the Indian Trustees protested, it is understood, against this unjust move and recorded their protest by way of dissenting minutes. Mr. Zafar Ahmed himself, it is gathered, submitted a representation to the Chairman and Trustees for redressing the grave injustice that was done to him by the placing of Mr. Walker above him but, it is reported the then European Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust did not even place it before the Trustees, which he was constitutionally bound to do, for their consideration. Hopes were, however, entertained by the Indian Trustees that all these acts of injustice would be rectified when an Indian Chairman occupied the gadi of the Bombay Port Trust.

Injustice Again

Mr. Watt, the Senior Assistant Mechanical Superintendent, recently applied for leave and it was recommended that in his place Mr. Walker should act. A representation was again made by Mr. Zafar Ahmed whose claims to act in place of Mr. Watt could not be contested. The matter was referred to the Finance and General Committee and it is understood that they recommended that Mr. Zafar Ahmed should be considered as senior to Mr. Walker and that he should act as Senior Assistant Mechanical Superintendent in place of Mr. Watt. Mr. Walker's claims were pushed forward by the Indian Chairman. Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas moved that the recommendation of the Finance and General Committee for appointing Mr. Zafar Ahmed be accepted and all the ten Indian Trustees voted for his proposition but it was opposed by all the European Trustees present at the meeting. The Indian Chairman, however, toed the line with his European colleagues. Mr. Walker, whose claim to the transfer to the Mechanical Branch was

(Continued on page 11, col. 5)

Frankly Speaking

Japan's "Peace" Move

According to a Hongkong report published in a contemporary, the Japanese now want peace with China. And they have started tentative negotiations through a Chinese journalist in Hong Kong who has "strong connection with the National Government in Chungking." The basis of the terms is the offer to withdraw from China proper provided China recognises Manchukuo as an "Independent State" and lets Japanese troops remain in two other provinces "to watch Soviet Russia"! The terms are both absurd and impudent. But harried by Russia, worried by the forthcoming commercial break with America and realising that she is very much nearer defeat than victory. Japan's peace move is quite understandable. Perhaps she hopes moral assistance from Britain. But if Britain obliged she would be abetting in the Far East exactly that against which she is fighting to-day in Europe.

American Neutrality

Being bound by the present Neutrality Act, the United States administration had, perforce, to proclaim the immediate enforcement of its provisions. Among the notable provisions relating to the embargo on arms the most important is the prohibiting of "aeroplane shipments to belligerents regardless of existing contracts between American manufactures and foreign Governments." These provisions definitely work against the anti-German belligerents. And particularly against Poland which, we think, had recently placed orders in the United States for arms and aeroplanes—things which an ill-equipped Poland badly needs. The Neutrality Act is thus an extraordinary paradox in practice, for it acts as a pro-Nazi measure. President Roosevelt whose sympathies and apathies are by no means a secret realises this. And it is quite likely that he has immediately enforced the Neutrality Act as a dramatic demonstration of its evils to his opponents. In any case American public opinion is being rapidly awakened to the consequences of the Act and the Press has begun an agitation for the repeal of the embargo on arms. It is not unlikely that when the Congress meets next, it will revise the Neutrality Act so as to ensure help to the democracies.

When Will That Be?

In his address at the fourteenth anniversary of School of Indian Music on Wednesday Mr. B. G. Kher, the Bombay Premier, expressed the hope that in the near future a degree in music might be instituted by the Bombay University. We share the hope and would point out that Government themselves can do much to popularise the systematic study of music by introducing it in the high schools and training colleges. Thanks to the labours of the late Mr. Bhatkhande in devising a simple system of notation for Hindustani music and preparing a splendid set of text books for beginners as well as advanced students, the teaching of scientific Hindustani music, both theoretical and practical, has been made possible in schools and colleges. It was mainly at his suggestion that the Bombay University Reorganisation Committee, appointed nearly a decade ago, recommended the institution of a Faculty of Music in the University. But no effect has yet been given to that recommendation.

Music And Culture

In support of his suggestion of a degree in music Mr. Kher referred to Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru's Report, which stated that the study of music and fine arts would open up new avenues for the educated unemployed. But capacity to get a job is the least important reward for excellence in music. That excellence is its own reward and it fills a gap in an average educated man's culture as few other forms of instruction can. Of Hindustani music it may also be said that it is a potent solvent of Hindu-Muslim differences Among Hindustani musicians all over the country there is a spirit of brotherhood which transcends all petty communal differences.

Italy's Position

"It is reported from Rome," says our London correspondent, "that workmen have begun dismantling air raid shelters, which indicates that Italy is to keep out of war." The news is interesting But Italian neutrality cannot be relied upon. It may be strategic, and the dismantling of a few air-raid shelters may only be designed to deceive France and Britain. And then, if Italy really intends to be neutral what is the price which she proposes to demand?

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

As anticipated by everybody who knows Mr. Gandhi and admires the high spiritualism of his character and ideals, that leader has indicated with a clearness which leaves no room for doubt on which side his sympathies are engaged in the death struggle into which Europe has been plunged by Nazi aggression and Herr Hitler's ruthless ambition.

—Anglo-India.

* * * *

Mr. R. A. Butler announces, as usual, that the British Government have no official information about the use of gas by the Nazis.

Somebody in Whitehall should tell the Rip van Winkle Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs that British policy towards aggressors changed more than a week ago.

* * * *

His Excellency Sir Robert Cassels, India's Commander-in-Chief, welcomes Britain's contributions to the defence of India as an "unprecedented gift".

It is, in fact, so unprecedented that India is inclined carefully to look the good horse in the mouth.

* * * *

Thus a "Special" Anglo-Indian reporter at Simla:—

"I am not therefore just now thinking of India's deliverance. It will come. But what will it be worth if England and France fall?" Mr. Gandhi put this question to the Press before he left Simla....

Our confrere omitted to add the last few words of the question, "....or if they come out victorious over Germany ruined and humbled?

We, however, sympathise with our over-zealous confrere for his unconscious forgetfulness.

* * * *

Sir Shafaat Ahmad Khan has announced that "Muslims to a man would support the British Empire".

Now the Qaid-e-Azam need not call the usual after-the-Congress meeting of his Executive Committee.

* * * *

General Hertzog's Government of South Africa has resigned and been replaced by one under General Smuts.

What we are particularly interested is to know what happened to Mr. Skagerrak—sorry we mean Mr. Stuttagart.

* * * *

Angora, it is reported, has not renewed the German-Turkish commercial treaty.

Which reminds us of a recent experience of Turkey, as related by the Hungarian Professor Lajos. That country purchased a number of submarines from Germany. They duly arrived and—all of them broke down within a fortnight.

They were repaired at cost which amounted to 50 per cent. of the purchase price. And they lasted for just one more week.

* * * *

"I went to call on you yesterday, but found the gate locked."

"It wasn't locked—it just sticks".

"Then why not get a workman to do something?"

"I have. This morning I got a painter to put up a notice: Push hard. This gate sticks".

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

A bird in the hand is vulgar. Use a knife and fork.

Some men's nautical experience is confined to hard-ships.

Similar opportunities will make a hero of one man and a fool of another.

The average man doesn't cast his bread upon the waters until it becomes stale.

If the average man could live his life over again he would probably be a bigger fool than ever.

Many a man who hands you good advice doesn't know it is good or he would keep it and use it himself.

German Submarines Attacked By Br. Warships

Women Must Help To Win The War

Lady Lumley's Broadcast Appeal To Women Of India

The part which women could play in the present war was the subject of a broadcast speech by Her Excellency Lady Lumley from the Bombay Station of the All-India Radio on Thursday:—

I am speaking to you four days after the outbreak of war, and I have been asked to talk to women listeners in Bombay about the part which women can play in this war.

I do not suppose that any women in Great Britain, or anywhere else in the world, greeted this war with anything but sadness. Many of us remember, only too well, what it meant for us in the last war. But, however much we detest the thought of war, we have our part to play, and the share which women can take is of very great importance.

There is one thing which every woman can do, and that is to keep up the courage and cheerfulness of those around her. This we must do, not only on the days when we hear exciting news of victories, but also, and particularly, when the news is bad.

WHAT WOMEN CAN DO

We can do this best if we keep in our minds the simple facts about this war. The first fact is that it is plain beyond any doubt that Great Britain did everything that was possible to prevent the war from coming; and the second is that it is also plain beyond any doubt that the principles for which we are fighting are that the rule of law shall govern the actions of nations, instead of the rule of brute force, and that the ideas of democracy and freedom shall continue to exist in the world. In those countries, like Great Britain and India, where these things are valued, we must do all we can to see that the war, which is being fought to preserve them, is won. The first thing, therefore, which women can do is to see that in dark days, as well as in bright days, we keep these aims before us and give encouragement to those who are working and fighting for them.

NURSING FIRST

That is a thing which every woman can do, but there are many other ways in which women can help. It is too early to say what will be necessary in Bombay, but it will perhaps interest you if I tell you about some of things which women did in England in the last war, and which, for the past year and more, they have been preparing themselves to do in this war.

I put nursing first—in all its branches—because that is work particularly suited to women, and which they do outstandingly well. It needs courage and self-sacrifice, and nurses everywhere won great praise for their unceasing and devoted work for the sick and wounded during the last war.

Then, many women drove ambulances, both in England and France, which was important and often dangerous work, and they also did much of the transport driving.

Canteens were run entirely by women, and work on the land was carried on successfully. That included dairy work and gardening, and this work was most essential for the supply of fresh food.

A. R. P. WORK

This summer, when I was in England, thousands of women were enrolling themselves for A. R. P. work. This Air Raid Precautions work is a thing which will be needed in Bombay, and it is well to remember how invaluable it is to know what to do in an emergency. One part of the A. R. P. work in England was carried out last week when 20,000 voluntary workers helped to evacuate all the school children from London within three days.

These are just some examples of what was done in Great Britain during the last war and of what is being done again to-day. You will see that, in great effort which war demands from a country, women have an immense contribution to make

Before I conclude I would like to say one thing which I am sure many of you have in your hearts. We detest war, but we know this to be a just war, and we want to put forth all our efforts to win it as soon as possible. I feel certain that I am prepared, and I know that many of you also are prepared, to bear the brunt of tihs terrible calamity and to help to see it through, so that our own children, when they grow up, may live free from the threat of war.

Poles Bring Down Enemy 'Planes

Fierce Air And Land Battles On Eastern Front: French Forces Settle For Action On Western Front

LONDON, September 7.

SEVERE FIGHTING IS PROCEEDING IN THE DISTRICTS OF DODZ, PIOTRKOW, TOMASZOW AND MAZOWIECKI AND TO THE WEST OF TARNOW. IN THE NORTH ON THE TORUN-SIERPC-PLONSK LINE NO PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE BY THE ENEMY.

S. AFRICA AT WAR WITH GERMANY

The British Ministry of Information has announced that South Africa is at war with Germany and arrangements are being made for diplomatic representatives of each country to be withdrawn.

A motion reaffirming Malta's loyalty and determination to support the British Government was passed unanimously at a special meeting of the Council of Government.

The Syrian Government has sent a message to the High Commissioner declaring that Syria is proud to place herself at the side of France. The message states that Syrian public opinion is indignant at "German's criminal aggression".

The Ministry of Information states British Warships have attacked German submarines in several localities.

General von Brauchitsch, Commander-in-Chief of the German Army, has issued a proclamation to the Army in which he states: "Cracow, Bromberg and Graudenz are in our hands.

"The Corridor no longer separates East Prussia and Danzig from the German motherland."

A message from Warsaw 'via' Paris states that a communique issued by the Polish General Staff says, "Evacuation from Warsaw of the Central Administration, wounded soldiers and the Polish Official News Agency has been completed."

WARSAW BOMBED SEVERAL TIMES

A War Communique issued by the Polish General Staff states, "German aeroplanes continue to bomb our troops and lines of communication. They bombed Warsaw several times. Our air force bombed enemy armoured columns.

"In the course of air battles 1b enemy 'planes were brought down to-day and 20 yesterday. Our losses amounted to six 'planes.

PROGRESS OF FRENCH TROOPS

A French Communique states: "Our first elements are progressing beyond the Frontier with their advance varying according to different parts of the Front and have everywhere encountered automatic arms and field organisation. Air activity co-operated with land operations. Movements prescribed for mobilisation of transport and the settling down of all units are proceeding normally."

The Communique adds that everything possible is being done to facilitate the material existence of troops whose morale is excellent.

Official war Communique No. 5 from Paris states: "A few local advances were made on Tuesday evening and during the night."

which damage was caused to Danish lives and property by bombs said to have been dropped from a British bomber over Esbjerg.

It is stated that stringent enquiries by the Air Ministry have established that one of the British aircraft returning from the raid on German warships may have been disabled and lost its bearings and unloaded its bombs over the Danish territory in the belief that it was over the sea. It was stated by the Danish Government that the bomb or bombs were of British make.

NEVILLE CHAMBERLAIN

Stringent Control Over Import And Export

LONDON, Sept. 7.

The Board of Trade has issued orders exercising control on the export and import of about 500 articles.

Prohibited exports, except by licence, include coal, a number of metals including iron ores and scrap oils, fats and greases, various classes of machinery, cotton yarns and manufacture of flax, yarn, jute, woollen and worsted yarns, a number of chemicals, dyes and colours.

Prohibited imports include glass, motor-cars, manufactures of cocoon, wool, silk and art silk, linen and hemp.—Reuter

HOW GERMAN 'PLANES OPERATE IN POLAND

LONDON, Sept. 6.

In the House of Commons Mr. R. A. Butler said that bombing by German Aircraft in Poland had been generally directed against objectives serving some Military purpose and not indiscriminately against Civilian population, although there had been many civilian casualties. There was no official report that gas had been used.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Chamberlain said that he hoped to make a statement on the general situation to-morrow.

When Mr. Arthur Greenwood asked in Parliament whether this would be the beginning of periodical statements regarding the prosecution of war on the understanding that the opposition did not require anything not in public interest, the Prime Minister said that he was in full sympathy with the desire expressed on the understanding mentioned by Mr. Greenwood.

The King has approved of the appointment of the Duke of Gloucester as Chief Liaison Officer. Field Forces.

Britain Expresses Regret

It is understood that the British Minister at Copenhagen has been instructed to express regret of the British Government to the Danish Government for the accident in

German Professors In Turkey Plead For Right Of Asylum

RIBBENTROP'S ATTEMPT TO INTERCEPT GANDHIJI'S LETTER TO HITLER FAILS

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT

LONDON: September 6.

ALTHOUGH THERE ARE SUGGESTIONS THAT VON RIBBENTROP PREVENTED GANDHIJI'S LETTER DATED 23RD JULY REACHING HERR HITLER, I UNDERSTAND THAT STEPS HAVE BEEN TAKEN TO SEE THAT THE LETTER REACHES THE FUEHRER.

A CERTAIN BRITISH QUAKER WENT TO BERLIN AND RETURNED TO LONDON AFTER MAKING SURE THAT RIBBENTROP COULD NOT STOP GANDHIJI'S LETTER REACHING HITLER.

IT IS REPORTED FROM ISTANBUL THAT THE AUTHORITIES HAVE ORDERED THE GERMAN PROFESSORS OF TURKISH UNIVERSITIES TO LEAVE THE COUNTRY IMMEDIATELY.

SEVERAL OF THEM INTEND ASKING THE GOVERNMENT FOR THE RIGHT OF ASYLUM IN TURKEY. PROF. NIESSEN, A WELL-KNOWN GERMAN PROFESSOR, HAS ALREADY APPLIED FOR TURKISH CITIZENSHIP.

THE WELL-KNOWN SWEDISH NEWSPAPER, "GOETEBERG HANDELS TIJDENDE," CLAIMS THAT GERMANY BEGAN WAR AT THE TIME WHEN SHE LACKS A NUMBER OF COMMODITIES OF VITAL NECESSITY. THE PAPER ADDS: "GERMANY TO-DAY IS ALREADY AT THE POINT WHERE SHE WAS AFTER THE LAST WAR WHICH HAD CONTINUED FOR THREE YEARS. GERMANY IS FACING EXTERNAL WAR AS WELL AS THE POSSIBILITY OF AN INTERNAL REVOLUTION.

WHEN IN SPIRIT GERMAN SOLDIERS BEGIN TO GROW WEAKER THEN THE REAL REVOLUTION IS INEVITABLE."

IT IS REPORTED THAT HITLER IS ATTEMPTING TO RECALL JEWISH EMIGRE DOCTORS BACK TO GERMANY ON THE GROUND THAT RECIALISM WAS NOW A DEAD-LETTER.

OWING TO THE SHORTAGE OF FULLY QUALIFIED MEN, AUTHORITIES HAVE ALREADY DECIDED THAT GERMAN MEDICAL STUDENTS, WHO ARE IN THEIR FINAL YEAR, ARE NOW ENTITLED TO PRACTISE AS DOCTORS.

A GERMAN SHIP, NAMED "FREIBURG," OWNED BY HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE ARRIVED AT BERGEN, NORWAY, DISGUISED AS A SOVIET SHIP WITH IDENTITY MARKS ON THE FUNNEL ALTERED.

IT IS REPORTED FROM ROME THAT WORKMEN HAVE BEGUN DISMANTLING AIR RAID SHELTERS, WHICH INDICATES THAT ITALY IS TO KEEP OUT OF THE WAR.

War News In Brief

PARIS.—The Central administration has evacuated from Warsaw, according to a Polish Communique.

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BERLIN.—Twelve special District Commissioners "for the defence of the Reich" have been appointed to take over civil and military administration of their areas.

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CANBERA.—Australian Parliamentary Labour Party has given a pledge to do everything possible to safeguard the welfare and safety of the Empire and maintain Australia as an integral part of the Empire

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CAPETOWN: In the New Cabinet the Prime Minister for External Affairs and Defence will be General Smuts. Minister for Finance and Education will be Dr. J. H. Hofmeyr.

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COPENHAGEN: A German terpedo boat which grounded at Fredericia escaped internment as a result of the feverish efforts of a German freighter which towed her off.

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WARSAW: A Communique issued announces that fighting is continuing towards Plonsk about 42 miles from the suburbs of Warsaw and Clechanow, 58 miles from the capital.

Polish troops are resisting superior enemy forces to the South-West.

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LONDON: Close labourite contact with the Government is foreshadowed in an announcement by prominent Labour leaders nominated to keep in touch with specified Defence Ministers in order to exchange ideas privately.

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LONDON: The Ministry of Information announces that a further extensive reconnaissance was carried out by the R. A. F. over Germany on the night of September 5/6.

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WASHINGTON.—Opinion is expressed in well-informed circles that the President seems desirous of allowing national sentiment to consolidate before the Congress is convened.

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WASHINGTON.—In proclaiming Neutrality Act President Roosevelt reaffirmed the ban on shipments of arms but said that the ban would not apply to raw materials "or any other articles or materials not of the same general character."

It is learned that all Germans in North Rhodesia and Tanganyika have been interned

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WELLINGTON.—Mr. Savage, Prime Minister, broadcasting after his recent operation said that he believed that the cause for which the Empire was fighting was worth the sacrifice involved "both with gratitude for the past and confidence in the future. We range ourselves fearlessly beside Britain. Where she goes we go and where she stands we stand."

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WARSAW.—The Warsaw radio station is regularly including in news bulletins in German language long lists of names of German officers and men taken prisoner and a few words of comfort are usually addressed to their families in Germany, so that despite the Gestapo, Germans are now eagerly and regularly listening to these broadcasts.

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CANBERRA:—Britain has agreed to buy the entire Australian export woolclip for the duration of the war.

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LONDON. Reuter is officially informed that the enemy air-craft reported off the East Coast this morning were reconnaissance 'planes fighter air-craft were dispatched but contact was not made with the enemy who turned back before reaching the coast.

On returning some of our aircraft were mistaken for enemy air-craft which caused certain coastal batteries to open fire.

* * * *

CANBERRA: The National Security Bill providing for emergency powers similar to those recently passed by British Parliament was introduced by Mr. Hughes, Minister of Industry, in the House of Representatives. Mr. Hughes said that the emergency powers would be granted for the duration of the war plus six months. A Bill to prohibit trade with the enemy was also introduced.—Reuter.

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NEW DELHI,—Mahatma Gandhi accompanied by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Acharya Kripalani left for Wardha by the Grand Trunk Express this evening.

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PESHAWAR.—Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan left this morning by Frontier Mail for Wardha to attend the forthcoming meeting of the Congress Working Committee.

KARACHI A. R. P. MEASURES

KARACHI, Sept. 6.

The A. R. P. measures for the defence of the civilians at Manora Island are going apace.

The Port Trust authorities have now issued definite instructions to their employees on the manner in which they should conduct themselves when the siren sounds an alarm of an impending air raid on the island by the enemy planes. They have been directed to clear out from their respective houses along with their families into the open area near the cricket ground, and wear gas masks if they are supplied.

Further, they have been asked to shade their lights and keep the fire extinguishers ready at hand. If they find any bombs dropped in the neighbourhood, they have been advised to soak them in water. The First Aid parties and Firemen have been particularly instructed to be at their duty at a moment's notice.—United Press.

Suggestions To Colaba Residents

BOMBAY, Sept. 7.

The following information is published for the benefit of residents in the Colaba Prohibited Area.

All residents must ensure that (A) in houses and flats all lighting facing seawards is completely screened at all hours of the night.

(B) All other lighting is so screened that it does not escape from within in such a manner as to reflect on the ground outside.

To give effect to the above it is suggested that (A) small shaded bulbs of low candle power only will be fixed in verandahs and porches and staircases in flats.

(B) Lights of inner rooms will be shaded.

(C) Private external lights outside houses, flats, barracks and places of entertainment will be completely extinguished.

Until such time as experiments have been made with shaded vehicle lights and orders in this respect issued from A. R. P. Office, all vehicles in the Colaba District Area will move with sidelights only at fifteen miles an hour.—A. P.

Death Penalty For Burglary

PARIS, Sept. 7.

The Government have issued a warning that anyone entering any building for the purpose of committing burglary during an air raid alarm will be liable to death penalty.—Reuter.

Security Demanded From Urdu Paper

The Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, has demanded a security of Rs. 1,000 from Mr. M. S. Bukshi who had made a declaration some days ago as printer and publisher of "Awaz", an Urdu weekly which he had proposed to issue.

The Magistrate's order is issued under Section 7 (1) of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act of 1931.

7 German And Italian Boats In Marmagoa Harbour

(From Our Correspondent.)

GOA, Sept. 1.

The number of German and Italian boats, which are anchored in the Marmagoa harbour, has now risen to seven. Out of these four belong to the Lloyd Triestino and the remaining three to the Hansa Line.

S. S. "Viminale" bound for Genoa from Australia, via Massava and Port Said, carries 47 passengers and cargo. Several passengers including priests are seen strolling at Panjim. The harbour presents a busy and gay appearance.

PESHAWAR, Sept. 7.—Two shops at Pipaalmandi in the city were looted this morning following excitement over the rise in the rate of foodstuffs. The Police proceeded immediately to the scene of trouble and controlled the situation.

TOKYO. Three German vessels are tied up in Japanese ports.

Army Offices To Delhi

SIMLA, Sept. 6.

The offices of the Punjab Government close in Simla on September 27 and open in Lahore on October 2. Formerly, they were to close on the 6th and open on the 11th October.

The whole of the Army Headquarters offices will move down to Delhi before the month runs out. Probably the move down will start from September 18.

The Government of India offices will also move down by October 13, instead of October 24 as originally announced.

The members of the Congress Nationalist Party have tabled amendments to the Defence of India Bill, which will be taken up for consideration in the Central Assembly on Friday next.

The local chemists, oilman stores, etc. have been asked not to profiteer by raising the prizes of goods.

The officers of the Indian Regular Reserve have been recalled to serve in the Indian Regular Forces.—United Press.

Orders To Reserve Army Officers In India

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

In accordance with standing instructions issued by the War Office, Officers of the regular army reserve of officers and the territorial army reserve of the British army, domiciled India, unless they have received special orders to the contrary direct from the War Office, are required to report to the Military Authorities in India.

Officers who are resident in India and belong to the regular army reserve of officers and the territorial army reserve, with exception already mentioned, should, accordingly report, either in person or in writing to the Military Secretary (M S 2). Army Headquarters, India, or to the nearest Military Authorities.

After reporting, they should await such further instructions as may be sent to them.—A. P.

Coming Down

WAR MEASURE IN COMILLA

Ban On Meetings And Processions

COMILLA, Sept. 6.

An order under Section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code has been promulgated by the District Magistrate of Tipperah, banning processions, meetings and demonstrations throughout the district until further orders. The District Magistrate considers that such meetings, processions and demonstrations are likely to result in disturbance of public tranquillity in the present war situation.

The order has also been served individually on Mr. Kamini Dutt, a member of the Bengal Legislative Council, Mr. Abdul Maleque, a Kisan leader, and several others —United Press.

FOR AIR FORCE MEN

Ordinance N. 7 Published

SIMLA, Sept. 6.

The Ordinance (No. 7, 1939) to provide for the discipline of members of the Indian Air Force Volunteer Reserve, raised in British India on behalf of His Majesty, the King, is issued by H. E. the Viceroy and published in a "Gazette of India Extraordinary" today.

The Ordinance says that it shall come into force such date as the Central Government may, by notification in an official Gazette, appoint in this behalf, and the Central Government may make rule for Government discipline and regulation of the Indian Air Force Volunteer Reserve —United Press.

CHINESE PRISONERS HANDED OVER TO JAPAN

TIENTSIN, Sept. 7.

The four Chinese prisoners concerned in the Anglo-Japanese dispute have been handed over to officials of the Japanese sponsored district court.—Reuter.

Offers Of Service To Govt. Of India

Schemes Being Framed For Allocation Of Work Suitable To Different Communities

SIMLA: September 7.

The Government of India's general policy regarding man-power is explained in a Press Communique, which points out that the question relates not only to supplying purely military requirements, but also to securing the maintenance of all industries necessary for the defence of India, the needs of the people and the prosecution of the war.

The Government of India, says the Communique, are receiving hourly offers of service from members of all communities. They warmly appreciate the spirit in which these offers are made, but would explain that the time for considering or for dealing with them has not yet come.

Such schemes for the allocation of national service to members of the smaller and the larger communities are under consideration and will be promulgated as the necessity arises.

Members of the public, therefore, are requested not to abandon their present ordinary pursuits in order to volunteers for service in India or elsewhere.

The dislocation of industry which might result from such action on a large scale would far outweigh any advantage. Employers are asked to endeavour to dissuade persons in key positions in important industries from leaving their posts and to report to the defence Co-ordination Department cases where they have failed to prevent such action.

Should the number of such cases assume considerable proportion, it might be necessary for Government to take appropriate powers; but it is hoped that their appeal to the public will be sufficient.—A. P.

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SIMLA—The creation of an Indian air force volunteer reserve in British India on behalf of his Majesty is envisaged in ordinance number seven published to-day which provides for the discipline of members of the reserve. The ordinance is to come into force on such date as the Central Government may decide and gives power to the Central Government to make rules for the Government, discipline and regulation of the Reserve.

KURWAI'S GESTURE

Donates Rs. 2,500 In Aid Of British Wounded

His Highness the Nawab of Kurwai after placing his personal services and the resources of his State at His Majesty's disposal has now taken the lead by donating Rs. 2,500 to be placed at the disposal of His Majesty's Government in aid of the British wounded. His Highness hopes to send a substantial amount every month for this purpose.

NIZAM'S FIRMAN ON WAR

Full Co-operation With Britain Offered

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, Sept. 6.

As faithful Ally of the British Government, His Exalted Highness, the Nizam of Hyderabad has issued a firman appealing to Indians and Muslims in particular to close their little differences and join hands to help Great Britain at this juncture, a just as they had come forward to aid Great Britain during the last War.

His Exalted Highness fears that the present catastrophe might involve India and pays glowing tributes to the British Government and proceeds to say that it is to the British Government that people are happy and content and the Indian States continue to exist. His Txalted Highness adds, "we should once more emerge out victorious from this catastrophe and live in peace," and hopes that the British Government would come out successfully, because of the Hidden Hand which always helps him who fights for a righteous cause.

His Exalted Highness also refers to the announcement of War duly intimated to him through the British President at Hyderabad and proceeds to say that as a faithful Ally he has intimated to His Excellency the Viceroy that he would help British Government in all possible manner.

Travancore's Offer To British Government

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 7.

His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore has offered to place six hundred thousand rupees at the disposal of the British Government towards the cost of prosecuting the war. His Highness has also offered to place the whole of the Travancore Army, subject to the requirements of internal defence, at their disposal. His Highness has offered to raise if any and when necessary, labour corps for operations connected with war. —A.P.

LONDON 'TIMES' ON PROGRESS OF WAR

LONDON, Sept. 7.

A glance at the map will show the folly of any attempt to hold the Polish frontiers against an attack in force, declares the "Times" in a leading article on the progress of the war.

The German advances, therefore, have not been unexpected either in extent or speed and may even in both respects have been inferior to German expectations. Polish skill and courage have made the enemy pay a considerable price and it does seem that the Poles have wisely not engaged the bulk of their forces in the defence of the territories which they never intended to hold against mass attacks.

The public must, therefore, be prepared for further German advance which may even be considerable in the north but there is no sign whatever on the Polish side of depression which would follow a strategical defeat.

As for the actual conduct of the operations it will have been observed that Herr Hitler has naturally broken his promise to confine air attack to military objectives.

The German Air Force has been ruthlessly and effectively used not only on the battlefield but also against open towns.—Reuter.

Passengers Of Torpedoed Boat Reach Lisbon

LISBON, Sept. 7.

One passenger and 32 members of the crew of the Cunard freighter "Boznia" which was torpedoed and sunk off the Portuguese coast on Sept. 5, landed to-day from the Norwegian vessel "Eldander."—Reuter.

Safety Of Hyderabad Princes

Govt. Of India To Be Moved

(From Our Correspondent).

HYDERABAD, Sept. 7.

In order to dispel the fear entertained by the subjects of the Hyderabad State about the safety of the Prince of Berar and his family and the junior Prince Nawab Moazam Jah Bahadur I understand definitely that the Prince of Berar with his family is now at Switzerland and Prince Moazam Jah with his family is at Biarritz in France near the Spanish borders.

It is stated that the Nizam's Government have moved the Government of India through the Hyderabad Residency about the safe return of Princes and Princesses.

Profiteering in business is increasing day by day in Hyderabad due to the war and prices of all commodites have gone up. Even Cigarettes, which are locally made and match boxes are being sold at higher prices and a great strain being felt by the people.

COMMODITY PRICES COME DOWN

(Continued from Page 1.)

tended the Secretariat on Thursday. The Governor also attended in the morning, Mr. A. B. Latthe, Finance Minister specially came down to Bombay to attend a conference of Ministers to-day. He is expected to return to Poona this evening.

100 P. C. INCREASE IN PRICES IN THANA

Poor Hit Hard

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Sept. 7.

Flagrant profiteering has been going on in the Thana Bazars. Rates of articles of daily use by the poor and the middle classes have been raised to double and in some cases more than double. The rise in all prices has hit the poorer classes hard and they have begun to grow impatient. It is hoped the authorities will move immediately in the matter.

At the general meeting of the Municipal Staff Union, Thana, an emphatic protest was recorded against the discriminatory treatment given to the Harijans Staff of the Municipality. A formidable list of cases of such discrimination imposed either by Municipal rules, resolutions or other orders has been included in the resolution, copies of which are to be forwarded by the Union to the President, Collector, Commissioner and the Backward Classes Officer for necessary action.

Medical Practitioners of Thana were invited by the Municipal President to meet him to consider ways and means for the improvement in the reporting of vital occurrences and attacks of infectious and other diseases. No final conclusions were arrived at but it is hoped to pursue the matter further with a view to getting better co-operation from the medical fraternity of Thana.

RESTRICTION ON MERCHANTS

Rajkot Civil Station Authorities' Action Against Profiteering

(Frohm Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Sept. 7.

As the prices of commodities and merchandise have been unproportionately and excessively enhanced by local merchants under the guise of war conditions, the Rajkot Civil Station Authorities have promulgated an order under Indian Defence Act Ordinance to prevent sale penalising merchants contravening orders. The Agency, however, has not mentioned what it considers reasonable rates and hence there is a legal flaw in it which may nullify effects of orders.

Britain Must Take Muslim India In Confidence

M. A. Jinnah's Statement On Crisis: Sympathies With Poland, France And England

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President, All-India Muslim League in a statement to the press says:

"As already announced, I had an interview with His Excellency, the Viceroy on September 4, when His Excellency explained to me the situation as much as he was able to do. Naturally, I cannot disclose the contents of this conversation between him and myself. In the midst of these dark clouds let us hope for the silver lining. His Excellency is going to address both the Houses of the Central Legislature on the 11th and the public will then be in a better position to understand the situation.

"One cannot help deploring and condemning the resort to arms and brute force. It does not redound to the credit of the statesmanship and civilisation of Europe that an honourable solution could not be found. It is quite obvious that we are facing now the gravest situation, which is bound to result in horrible destruction of life and property and will mean the greatest disaster all the world over. This is not the time for me to disapprove or approve of the policy of His Majesty's Government. The crisis has come and we have to face and bear it as best as we can.

"Naturally my sympathies are with the peoples of Poland, France and Britain, as we are at present a part of the British Commonwealth of Nations. If, however, Britain wants to prosecute this war successfully, it must take Muslim India into its confidence through their accredited organisation—the All-India Muslim League, and so shape its policy as to apply the principles enunciated by His Excellency the Viceroy in his recent broadcast soon after the declaration of war on Sunday last. Mussalmans want justice and fair play.

"I will place the views of His Excellency the Viceroy before the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League, which is going to meet in Delhi on September 17, and in the meantime I appeal to the Mussalmans to stand solidly and unitedly under the flag of tne All-India Muslim League. Let us pray that in this grave hour, we shall be guided by Providence to arrive at the right decision in the best interest of Muslim India".—A. P.

KAMALADEVI'S APPEAL TO MAHATMA

Voice The Feeling Of India On Present Situation

LONDON, September 6.
(By Air Mail).

Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya in a letter has appealed to Mahatma Gandhi to voice the feeling of India on the present situation. She wrote 'inter alia':—

"To-day the world believes there are only two views, for they are made aware only of two opinions, one which stands for the 'status quo' and the other for a change. But there is a third view, that of the people It is, therefore, very essential that the voice of those who have suffered the most under this system and who are bravely struggling against it should be heard by the world. It has to tell the world that humanity has to tread a new path if it would save itself from these periodical disasters and save itself from further misery. It may seem like a cry in the wilderness but we know that it is the voice which must ultimately prevail.

"India is by her position most eminently fitted for this task of voicing that opinion of giving a lead to the other exploited people. She has already shown a new way to progress and freedom and a new technique of struggle whose value the world must some day recognise. She occupies morally and organisationally a unique place amongst the colonies of the world and her voice can carry the conviction and moral basis so necessary for this great task."—United Press.

Prices Control In N. W. F. P.

PESHAWAR, Sept. 7.

Prices for foodstuffs were fixed here at rates closely verging on pre-War level at a conference of the Finance Minister, the Minister for Industries, the Deputy Commissioner and the City Magistrate on the one hand and local businessmen on the other. The conference was held following the trouble earlier at Pipalmandi Bazar where an attempt, it will be recalled, was made to loot two shops.—United Press.

Food Control At Singapore

SINGAPORE, Sept. 5.

A Government notification published in the Government 'Gazette" last night states that the Food Controller orders from to-day that "no person shall after this date (except with the special written authority of the Controller) acquire any article of food so that the quantity of such article in his possession or under his control at any time exceeds the quantity required for ordinary use and consumption in his household or establishment during the period of one month."—United Press.

SOUTH AFRICA'S QUOTA TO DESTROY NAZISM

CAPETOWN, Sept. 7

General Smuts amplifying Government's policy said that South-African participation in the War must necessarily be limited by considerations of geography and the special conditions attaching to the country. Their primary duty was to place their own defences in the highest state of efficiency "in order to render the Union safe against any inroads."

Clearly at this stage the Government could not give encouragement to citizens who wished to serve overseas. It was for the Union to give physical support in all questions of trade, shipping and finance.

The Union would maintain in the fullest sense the Simons-Town Agreement to ensure the defences of Simons-Town and the free entry of British warships.

It was only by pursuing such policy, that the Union would be able to secure the necessary protection for the conveyance of agricultural products from markets overseas.

General Smuts added that in common with her allies the Union had no quarrel with the German people and her aim was to assist in the destruction of a system which was seeking to impose on the world domination of violence.

The opposition consists of a section of the late Hertzog Government Party which supported the ex-Prime Minister.—Reuter.

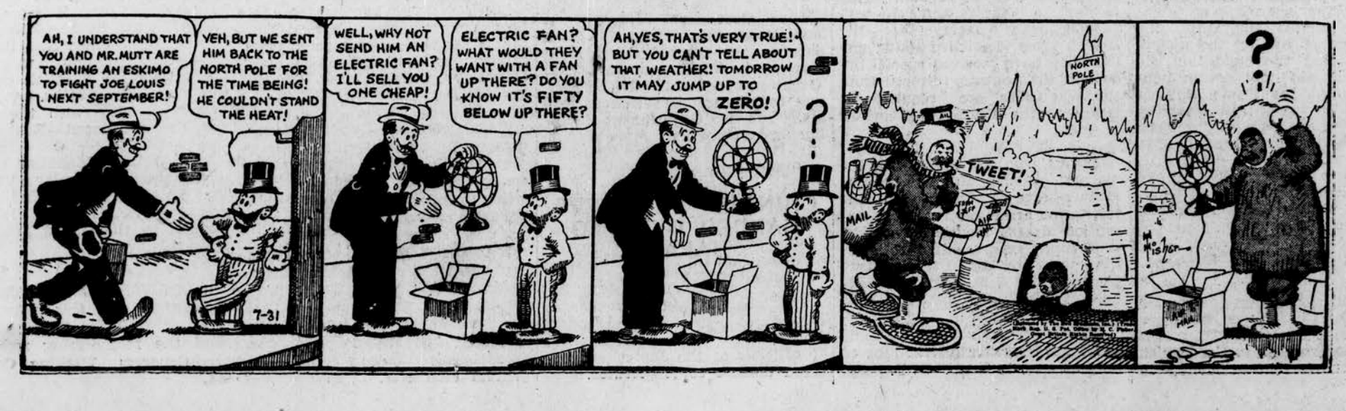
General Hertzog's Appeal To His Followers

CAPETOWN, Sept. 7.

General Hertzog has issued a statement to his followers appealing to them not to make any differences of opinion a racial issue. He insists "In whatever you do or say avoid anything which may even savour of constitutional action."—Reuter.

SIMLA—In view of the "Grave emergency" that has arisen, the Governor General in Council has directed that officers of the Regular Reserve are recalled to serve in the Indian Regular Forces, says a Gazette of India Extraordinary.

MUTT AND JEFF—So, After All, What Are You Kicking About? By BUD FISHER


AH, I UNDERSTAND THAT YOU AND MR. MUTT ARE TRAINING AN ESKIMO TO FIGHT JOE LOUIS NEXT SEPTEMBER!
YEH, BUT WE SENT HIM BACK TO THE NORTH POLE FOR THE TIME BEING! HE COULDN'T STAND THE HEAT!
7-31
WELL, WHY NOT SEND HIM AN ELECTRIC FAN? I'LL SELL YOU ONE CHEAP!
ELECTRIC FAN? WHAT WOULD THEY WANT WITH A FAN UP THERE? DO YOU KNOW IT'S FIFTY BELOW UP THERE?
AH, YES, THAT'S VERY TRUE! BUT YOU CAN'T TELL ABOUT THAT WEATHER! TOMORROW IT MAY JUMP UP TO ZERO!
NORTH POLE
TWEET!
MAIL

WHY DOES A CHILD'S COUGH GET WORSE AT NIGHT?

There is a scientific reason, of course, but mothers are more interested in *what to do about it.*

Tonight, when coughing starts, give your child Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Chamberlain's gives quick relief to inflamed areas, breaks up congestion and clears air passages, permits the child to breathe more freely. Chamberlain's is free from harmful drugs . . . it is pleasant to take . . . suitable for all the family.

Buy Chamberlain's today . . . to stop that cough tonight.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

Have Healthy, well-groomed Hair . . . .

● Use a little Brylcreem every morning. See how neat it keeps the hair, what a healthy gloss it gives. From all chemists and leading dealers everywhere.

BRYLCREEM

THE PERFECT HAIR DRESSING

GLORIOUS NATURE -the Source

VEGETABLE TOILET SOAP -the Product

★ Unctuous extracts drawn from the pure plants of the Earth

★ Herbal ingredients extolled from ancient times for their antiseptic and cosmetic qualities

★ Cool, refreshing fragrance from the sacred Sandalwood tree

— all these gifts of Nature, scientifically blended, give birth to GODREJ SANDAL Soap.

Its soothing lather nourishes and reanimates hungry, sunburnt complexions, and gives your skin a delightful, cooling sensation.

Try for yourself and feel the difference.

Some of the other varieties—GODREJ No. 1, No. 2, LIMDA (Neem) and SHAVING STICK.

Godrej ALL SWADESHI

Godrej Soaps Ltd.
DeLisle Road - - BOMBAY.
Sales Dept.

INDIANS IN TRINIDAD

(Continued from Page 6).

to this the problem of interest has also created havoc with the economic structure of the Indian community resident in the Island. In view of the fact that religious marriages among Hindus and Muslims of Trinidad, as in other West Indies countries, are not recognised unless they are civilly registered and that Indians as a rule abhor the necessity for registration of their marriages which constitute a sacrament, it has been pointed out that the vital statistics reports of Trinidad show that nearly 90 per cent. of the children born to Indian settlers are returned as illegitimate, a record which beats that of Jamaica where the general average of 75 per cent. illegitimacy obtains for all the communities put together. It is a standing insult to the culture and civilization of India that her children overseas are treated in this scandalous manner. It is time that the local Government moved in this matter and desisted in continuing to gratuitously insult the fair name of India. The Royal Commission is expected to deal with this question in a final fashion when it submits its Report.

Again, as has been repeatedly pointed out by the Sanatan Dharm Board of Control, Trinidad (Inc).. the right of the Hindu settlers of the Colony to cremate their dead has been denied by the local Government under a very old and essentially obsolete sanitation law. Everywhere in the world to-day efforts are being made to substitute the practice of burying the dead by means of cremating them, and in this movement European countries have taken a very leading part. According to Hindu 'Dharma' the cremation of the dead is a vital step in the 'Samskar,' and the vast majority of Indians in Trinidad are Hindus, willing to retain their Hindu tradition, culture and religion. Until the local Government recognises this most hygienic form of the disposal of the dead, which is obligatory for every Hindu to adopt, it is clear that there cannot be racial peace in the Colony.

★

So far, attention has been devoted mostly to the moral side of the position of our settler community in Trinidad. On the material side, their position is not any happier. Barring the few cane farmers and other proprietory agriculturists who exist among them, the majority of our nationals in Trinidad are agricultural labourers, whose wages are low and whose living conditions are deplorable. In their Memorandum to the Royal Commission, the British Medical Association, describing the material conditions of the people of the West Indias, state as follows:

"It is not only in Trinidad, as the Commission on the disturbances there found, that employers fail to realise their responsibility for supplying workers on their estates with the common decencies of home life and permit the existence of housing conditions which provide ground for justifiable discontent.

"Water supplies are condemned in that the standard of purity as well as the method of distribution varies. Malnutrition is traced to unvaried diet, deficient in the essential constituents, which is the lot of the majority of the labouring classes.

"That extensive and immediate measures for the improvement of the social conditions in the West Indies are imperative admits of no doubt. These must include provision aimed at the reduction both of poverty and of ignorance so that the individual can be put within reach of the benefits of sanitation, hygienic housing and proper diet, and know enough to appreciate their value."

★

This B. M. A. Memorandum must be an eye opener to the Colonial Office, the Trinidad Government and the Royal Commission. But economic and moral improvement of Indians in Trinidad cannot be brought about unless they come to wield political power. The resolution of the veteran Indian legislator of Trinidad Mr. Sarran Teelucksingh for enlargement of the elective element in the Legislature was recently turned down. This demand, and the demand that once again an Indian should be appointed to the Executive Council of the Trinidad Government have been characterised by European planters as attempts on the part of the local Indian community to turn Trinidad into an Indian colony. This is a preposterous suggestion, since any community in a country is entitled to the weightage which is its due. This is more so in the case of a settler community which is marooned in such a distant country like Trinidad. The enlargement of the liberties of Indians in Trinidad does not brook any further delay, and towards this end our nationals in the Island are bending their energies today. India takes a keen interest in the position of Indians in Trinidad, verily as she has given the assurance that not one of her nationals abroad will be allowed to be imposed upon by however mighty the government under which he lives might be.

(Copyright)

SMITH TO ACT AS I.-G OF POLICE

Bombay Govt. Gazette Notifications

The following notifications were made in Thursday's Government Gazette:

Mr. W. R. G. Smith, Commissioner of Police, Bombay, is to officiate as Inspector General of Police, Province of Bombay, vice Mr. G. A. Shillidy, proceeding on leave.

Dr. K. S. Nargund is appointed officiating Lecturer in Chemistry at the Ismail College, Andheri, in the Bombay Educational Service with effect from the 20th June 1939 in place of Dr. R. C. Shah promoted to the Bombay Educational Service Class I.

Mr. D. G. Shaikh, Additional Municipal Stipendiary Magistrate in the district of Ahmedabad, is invested, with the additional power to try summarily—section 260.

Mr. C. G. Talwalkar, M.B.B.S., (Bom.), D.M.R.E. (Cantab.), is to be Honorary Assistant Radiologist at the G. T. Hospital, Bombay, for a period of three years with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties.

SAIF AZAD ARRESTED UNDER DEFENCE OF INDIA ORDINANCE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Saif Azad, the Editor of the now defunct "Salar-E-Hind" was arrested by the special branch of the Bombay C. I. D. this morning at his residence at Clare Road Byculla, the arrest was effected under the Defence of Indian Ordinance.

When the police arrived at his residence, a strange spectacle met their eyes. Every bit of furniture, even the radio had been removed from the premises recently.

SEAMEN'S DEMONSTRATION

Demand Higher Wages & March In Procession

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A procession of Seamen demonstrated before the Shipping Companies in the City at Ballard Estate this morning, for higher wages and compensation in case of loss of life. The procession then wended its way to Cross (Christ) Maidan where a meeting was held.

BOMBAY ASSEMBLY TO MEET ON SEPT. 25

The Government of Bombay has summoned the Legislative Assembly at 12-30 p.m. on September 25. The Assembly will meet in Bombay.

A notification in the Bombay Government Gazette states:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 62 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor of Bombay is hereby pleased to prorogue the session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly which commenced on the 14th August, 1939.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 62 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor of Bombay is hereby pleased to summon the Bombay Legislative Assembly to meet at the Assembly Hall, Bombay, at 12-30 p.m. on Monday, the 25th September, 1939.

The Bombay Legislative Council has been summoned on September 27.

ALLEGED ASSAULT BY 'DEPORTEES'

(From Our Correspondent.)

MUMBRA, Sept. 7.

A Police out-station being opened at Mumbra the Bombay deportees shifted their activities to Sil, on the Bombay-Panvel road at mile 300.

On getting the information one head constable and a constable from Mumbra went there to watch motors at 2 a.m. Both the constables were assaulted by the alleged deportees.

INDIAN LIBERALS AND WAR

BOMBAY, Sept. 6.

To consider the War situation, an emergency meeting of the Working Committee of the National Liberal Federation of India will be held in Bombay on Sunday, the 10th instant at 4 p.m.—United Press.

RESEARCH IN INDIAN DRUGS

Three Schemes To Cost A Lakh Of Rupees

SIMLA, Sept. 6.

The Imperial Council of Agricultural Research has sanctioned three schemes at a cost of over a lakh of rupees for research in Indian drugs to be used in the treatment of cattle. The schemes will cover investigations into the cultivation of medicinal plants, the efficacy of indigenous drugs and the indigenous treatment of cattle.

Lt. Col. R. N. Chopra of the School of Tropical Medicines, Calcutta, has been granted Rs. 62,860 for a five years' scheme. The researches under this scheme cover the survey of medicinal plants which can be grown in India, chemical analysis of their pharmacological and therapeutic action and investigation of food poisons, particularly in cereals. The work would be carried on in close co-operation with the Agricultural, Forest, Medical and Veterinary Departments.

The second scheme which will be a study of poisonous plants and of their doses required in veterinary practice, will be controlled by the Surgeon-General of Madras. This will be a three years' scheme and will cost Rs. 39,000. The object of the scheme is to examine how far indigenous drugs can take the place of the imported ones.

The third scheme was sponsored by the Premier of Orissa at a meeting of the Governing Body of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research. It is for the collection of literature about cattle treatment by indigenous drugs. It has been sanctioned initially for a period of six months at a cost of Rs. 4,500.—United Press.

RAIL-ROAD COMPETITION TELLS

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

The Rohtak-Gohana-Panipat line, the Madura-Bodinayakanur line, the Salem-Metur-Dam line and the Vridhachalam-Cuddalore line will not be closed although affected by rail road competition.

The closing of the Kangra Valley-Lyallpur-Jaranwalla-Cocanada-Kotipalle line, the Tiruppatur-Krishnagiri line, and the Morappur-Hosur-Shoranur-Nilambur branch line is under examination.—United Press.

Harbilas Sarda Leaves For Hindu Sabha Executive Meeting

AJMER, Sept. 7.

Speaking at a students meeting in the Town Hall, Dewan Bahadur Harbilas Sarda condemned the German aggression and assured the British Government full support of Hindus at this critical juncture. He hoped that Great Britain will surely establish real democracy in India. A resolution was passed reaffirming loyalty and support of Hindus to British Empire. Mr. Sarda left Ajmer for Bombay to-day to join the Working Committee meeting of the Hindu Mahasabha.—A. P.

University Graduates And Military Training

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 7.

Sjt. Amarnath Jha, Vice-Chancellor of the Allahabad University in a statement regrets that genuine enthusiasm that exists for military training meets with little response from those who shape the military policy.

It is most regrettable there is a general impression that three or four years training in the University Training Corps leads nowhere. The manner wherein, Officer Corps is treated in England affords a striking contrast of treatment of U. T. C. in India.

The Vice-Chancellor trusts, in the immediate future, graduates of Indian university will also receive direct commission from the Indian Army and maximum age-limit will be raised for them to 24 as in England. He also suggests that an Air Force Defence Corps might also be formed with advantage. He also pleads that an additional company of U. T. C. to Allahabad be sanctioned immediately.

Glaxo Laboratories have pleasure in announcing that they have ample stocks of all their preparations on hand in India and that there is no likelihood of any increases in the price of Glaxo or the Glaxo Pharmaceutical Products for at least some considerable time to come. Dealers are therefore requested not to order stocks in excess of the public demand and the public are requested not to pay more than they are used to paying for Glaxo and the Glaxo Pharmaceutical Products. Your co-operation is requested in this small matter in this time of national emergency.

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Get Rid Of Bad COLDS & CHILLS

WHEN your throat is sore and your eyes watering; when you're all shivery and can't stop sneezing and you're thoroughly lost in a cold, then Peps will bring welcome relief.

Dissolved in your mouth, a Peps releases rich medicinal essences, which mix with your breath and are carried deep into your lungs. Peps thus search out and exterminate cold and 'flu germs. They soothe and heal the inflamed air tubes and taroat, strengthen your resistance against the ever-present danger of sudden chills.

To preserve the concentrated essences which Peps contain, every tablet is wrapped in silver paper. They are packed in sealed glass bottles, along with full directions printed in leading languages. Price One Rupee at any medicine dealer.

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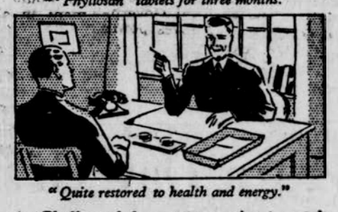
BLOOD PRESSURE CORRECTED

"REAL LIFE" TESTIMONIALS FROM THE 'PHYLLOSAN' FILES

Mr. J. M. C. had suffered with ill-health for over two years and had almost given up hope of ever being a fit man again—then he took a course of 'Phyllosan' and now, as he says, he is quite restored to health and energy. This is typical of the amazing effects of 'Phyllosan' tablets. For many years past thousands have been finding relief through this remarkable product from abnormal blood pressure, headaches, heart weakness, and lowered vitality. 'Phyllosan' tablets are prepared according to the formula of Dr. E. Buergi, Professor of Medicine at the University of Berne. 'Phyllosan' tablets contain no harmful drugs or animal products—their chief constituent is of vegetable origin and is described by scientists as "*the most wonderful substance in our world.*" 'Phyllosan' is invaluable in convalescence and in all cases of general weakness. Make up your mind to start a course of 'Phyllosan' to-day. Ask your chemist or storekeeper for a supply.

"*Suffered with ill-health and nerves for over two years, did not expect to get better.*"

"*'Phyllosan' tablets for three months.*"



"*Quite restored to health and energy.*"

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HELP YOUR SHOES TO *Remain New* WITH THIS SWADESHI BOOT POLISH

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Preserve the good appearance of your shoes and chappals and ensure many months of extra wear by polishing them regularly with Tej Boot Polish. For Tej does more than merely give a brilliant, lasting shine: it lubricates and improves the leather, protecting it from parching sun and dust.

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MHOW GUNNERS LIFT ROVERS TROPHY

Recapture Trail Of Military Successes That Bangalore Muslims Had Broken

ARTILLERYMEN'S BRILLIANT VICTORY OVER HOWRAH DISTRICT F. A. XI IN COMPLETELY ONE-SIDED ENCOUNTER

28TH FIELD REGIMENT R.A. (Mhow) (Rouse and Coyne) ... 2
HOWRAH DISTRICT F.A. XI ... Nil.

Before a bumper holiday crowd of over 6,000 persons, which included a fair sprinkling of the elite of the City, prominent among those present being, the Hon. Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Minister for P.W.D., Bombay, Sir H. P. Mody and Lady Mody, and the Officer Commanding of the Bombay District—the 28th Field Regt. R.A. from Mhow had the distinction of capturing the Blue Riband of Western India football, the Rovers Trophy by disposing of strong civilian challengers, the Howrah Dist. F.A. XI in the final of the All-India Rovers Tournament in convincing style, on the Cooperage ground last evening.

By doing so the Mhow Gunners deservingly picked up the brilliant trail of military successes in the Rovers Championships which had only recently been broken—ever since the Championships were started as far back as 1891—by two successive victories in 1937 and 1938 of that great civilian combination the Bangalore Muslims.

One-Sided Game

The game turned out to be an unexpectedly one-sided affair. Handicapped, by the absence, due to injury of three of their regular string Howrah took the field initially demoralised, a fact which told upon their game so much during the evening's encounter—that throughout the sixty minutes they were relegated to the position of second-fiddlers—and at no stage of the game could they be recognised as the excellent, spirited combination which only a few days earlier had accounted for the redoubtable K.O.R.R. in such a decisive fashion.

The Gunners, on the other hand, gave their usual sound display, wherein opportunism, brilliance and robustness were equally important factors. The soldiers attacked for more than three-fourths of the game, and had it not been for Sircar's heroic custodianship, would have inflicted a truly ignominous defeat on the civilians—and on the run of play deserved it too—such was the immense difference between the relative strengths of the contestants.

Rouse gave the Artillerymen a well-deserved lead in the 24th minute of play connecting perfectly with a fine header, with a well-timed centre from the right—the ball glancing off J. Mitter's hands and beating in turn Sircar's outstretched palms to enter the top centre of the net. The teams crossed over with this score.

Coyne's Fine Goal

On resumption Coyne put the Gunners further ahead scoring a truly magnificent goal in the 14th minute with a great long-range half volley which completely deceived Sircar, and entered the extreme right corner of the net. (2—0). There was no further scoring, hereafter and the final whistle found the Mhow Gunners deserving and brilliant winners and the Howrah side plucky and sporting losers.

After the conclusion of the match, Sir H. P. Mody, who presided, gave away the handsome Rovers Trophy to Daniells the Gunners' Captain, the runners-up shield to the Howrah District F.A. XI, and tankards to the players of the respective teams. A prize was also awarded to Mr. Hibbert for something or other—may be.....refereeing—while the Calcutta Rangers received the Leslie Bunning Cup and a gold medal—which went to G. Morley—for the fastest time registered in the latter competition this year.

(More details of the game itself will be given to-morrow.)

RESULT (Final)

28TH FIELD REGT. R.A. (Mhow) 2
HOWRAH DIST. F.A. XI Nil.

The teams were:—

28TH FIELD REGT. R.A. (Mhow): Duffall, Taylor and Bedford, Daniells (Captain), Platt and Duggan, Oliver, Breen, Rouse, Coyne and Hodgson.

REFEREE: Mr. Hibbert.

HOWRAH DIST F.A. XI: Sarkar, J. Mitter and K. Banerji (Captain), Ranganatham, V. Banerji and Jumman, Krishna, Rahman, Narsima, S. Mitter and Tait.

Rovers Trophy.

HOW THEY REACHED FINAL

Howrah District F. A. XI

Beat Collegians F. C. Simla, 5—0.
Beat Delhi Young Men, 2—1.
Beat K. O. R. R. (Madras), 3—0.
Beat W. O. 3rd Field Regt. R. A. (withdrawn).

28th. Field Regt. R. A. (Mhow)

Beat H. V. M., 6—0.
Beat Wiltshires, 2—1.
Beat Bangalore Muslims, 1—1, 2—0.
Beat Calcutta Rangers, 2—0.

Extra Day Of Poona Big Meeting

Probables, Weights And Order Of Running For Saturday's Eight Events

The following are the Probables, Weights and Order of Running for the Extra Day of the Big Meeting, to be run at Poona, on Saturday, September 9.:—

FIRST RACE: 2-30 p.m.

THE ARABIAN PLATE. Div. I. Distance—7 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; Second Rs. 400; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7lbs. Penalties—Winners in India after 29th July, 1938 once 4 lbs. twice 7lbs. oftener 12lbs. Allowance—Ponies, 14 hands and under 4lbs.

To be ridden by licensed Riding Boys and Apprentice Jockeys.

Apprentice Jockeys to carry 5lbs. Extra.

Mun Mohan 9-0; Hakim Pasha 9-0; Bayhas 8-12; Arab Legend 8-10; Daata 8-10; Nashwan al Iraq 8-10; Samah 8-10; Mas'ud Hachim 8-8; Haran 8-8; Bint al-Sahra'a 8-10; Mahboobat Tarik 8-10; Regent 8-8; Hampstead 8-8; Jabar 8-8; Nadir 8-8; Wadia 8-6; Scindia 8-2; Argonaut Beg 8-2; Niman Na'ayim 8-2; Hassun Pasha 7-10; Marsumi Pasha 7-10; Lu'ayb 7-10; Nawaf 6-12.

★ ★

SECOND RACE: 3-0 p.m.

THE ARABIAN PLATE Div II. Distance—7 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; Second Rs. 400; Third Rs. 250

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7lbs. Penalties—Winners in India after 29th July, 1938. once 4lbs. twice 7lbs. oftener 12lbs. Allowance—Ponies. 14 hands and under. 4lbs

Turkish Prince 9-0; Turkey 8-12 Shamsoender 8-12; Dalli al Iraq 8-12; Mujbil al Arab 8-12; Nandkumar 8-2; Raisana 8-2; Arjun 8-10; Gaurishanker 8-9; Anzan Beg 8-9; Khundil 8-8; Arab Boy 8-8; Lucky Lad 8-6; Transvaal 8-2; Nutchdat Beg 8-2; Amnavar 8-2; Inad Naji 8-2; Sabhan Hamid 8-2; Mysore 8-2; Jawhar al Mosul 8-2; Faruq Pasha -10; Sarie al Iraq 7-10; Mithqal 6-12.

★ ★

THIRD RACE: 3-30 p.m.

THE ARABIAN PLATE Div. III Distance—7 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,250; Second Rs. 400; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in class III. W. A. reduced 7lbs. Penalties—Winners in India after 29th July, 1938, once 4lbs. twice 7lbs. oftener 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4lbs.

Azmir 9-1; Shalfa 9-1; Lovely One 9-1; Barki Beg 9-0; Zaid ul Khair 8-12; Star of Kashmir 8-12; Khalaf Nassaf 8-12; Muwafak 8-12 Sa'ad Faruk 8-12; Prince Hishan 8-12; Samavi 8-8; Musaid al Khair 8-12; Gallant Boy 8-12; Tharwath 8-10; Shapoor 8-9; Leilat Khalaf 8-8; Twaisan 8-8; Qudum al Khair 8-8; Golden Star 8-8; Mubrook 8-8; Banash Amer 8-3; Nada'a al Bari 8-2.

★ ★

FOURTH RACE: 4-0 p.m.

THE HOME BRED HANDICAP Distance—1 Mile

Winner Rs 2,000; Second Rs 700; Third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class "A"

Eager Tit 9-9; Blue Tinsel 8-11; Rathavan 8-11; Boat Drill 8-11; Brutus 8-11; Harbour Light 8-10, King's Wine 8-3; Ironside 8-3; Blue Bonnet 8-3; Can Can 8-2; Wunderbar 8-0; Vikramsinha 7-4; Golden Chance 7-0.

★ ★

FIFTH RACE: 4-30 p.m.

THE RUFFORD PLATE Div II. Distance—7 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; Second Rs 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Mohalebbi 9-0; Mythical Mona 9-0; Applelite 8-10; Autoland 8-10; Tel Asur 8-9; Saxon Prince 8-8; Lord Byron 8-8; How's That 8-6; Why Not 7-13; Cartoon 8-4; Wild Nut 8-4; Vijayakumar II 8-2; None So Gay 7-12; Cendrillon 7-12; Appenzell 7-11.

★ ★

SIXTH RACE: 5-0 p.m.

THE IRAQ PLATE. Distance—6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,500; Second Rs. 750; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Arabs in Class I

Royal Rival 9-0; Bahar Neel 9-0; Wheel of Fortune 8-13; Three Diamonds 8-10; Taj al Farat 8-8; Burgess 8-5; Sarkhat 8-5; Shirley Temple 8-5; Al Hamil 8-2; Fiery Face 7-10; Great Star 7-10

★ ★

SEVENTH RACE: 5-30 p.m.

THE EGERTON HANDICAP Distance—1 1/4 Miles.

Winner Rs. 1,700; Second Rs 600; Third Rs. 250.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Coeur Brule 9-7; Naidor 9-3; Overmills 9-3; Royal Task 8-12; Rose of Persia II 8-9; Bunny Smith 8-4; Folle Fete 8-3; Night Alarm 7-11; Passiflora II 7-9; Eastern Queen 7-8; Gay Bachelor 7-7; Reliable 7-4; Javeliere 7-4.

★ ★

EIGHTH RACE: 6-0 p.m.

THE RUFFORD PLATE. Div I Distance—7 Furlongs

Winner Rs 3,000; Second Rs 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Gangasagar 9-4; Bastion 9-2. Cercello 9-1; Dinos 8-0; Tipperary 9-0; Diagonal 8-11; Fighting Force 8-9; Pompeian 8-7; Mediesome 8-4; Natbay 8-2; Billard 8-0; Pall Mall 8-0; Marco 7-12; Wait-a-Bit 7-7; Winning Post 7-4.

MORE SUPPORT TO BRITAIN

Aga Khan's Call To Followers

LONDON, September 7.

LATEST OFFERS OF ASSISTANCE COME FROM BRITISH GUIANA, MAURITIUS, SOUTHERN RHODESIA, THE SULTAN SHERR AND MUKALLA AND AMIR DHALA.

H.H. the Aga Khan, the spiritual ruler of ten million Ismailian Mohammedans has called on his followers to give "unstinted service" to the cause for which Britain fights.

DAILY PRAYER FOR EMPIRE

The message which the Aga Khan has sent to the President of the Ismailian Executive Council, Zanzibar, reads: "It is the first religious and secular duty of all my spiritual children to co-operate loyally and do all in their power. Heart-felt, loyal and unstinted service must now be given to the cause of the Empire, which is the protector of our faith and people. This should be read after prayers daily and published."—Reuter.

ALLIES BETTER PREPARED THAN IN 1914

Germany Deficient In Fleet

PARIS, September 7.

Britain will be able to give France an infinitely greater support than in 1914, says a statement issued by the Commissariat of Information.

The statement points out that the question whether Britain will be able to maintain the freedom of the seas does not arise since Germany had not time to build a large fleet and was only able to undertake submarine warfare, against which the allies are well-armed. Thanks to conscription, Britain will be able to give millions of men.

ROLE OF DOMINIONS

Referring to the entry of the Dominions in the war, the statement says: "When counting up our forces we must never forget the peoples of the French and the British Empires. We must not forget that Australia and Canada are great industrial nations, the power of which will soon be seen.

AVOID OLD MISTAKES

"Ordre" says that M. Daladier has the full confidence of the country and the mistakes of 25 years ago must not be repeated.

"L'Excelsior" urges the Government to disregard the claims of groups in the Chamber and gather together a small number of patriots and thus eliminate men, who only know how to talk.—Reuter.

CZECH LEGION FORMED IN LONDON

LONDON, September 7.

A Czech Legion is being formed in London, states the Ministry of Information.

Circulars in connection with the movement bear the signature of Dr. Benes.—Reuter.

RED CROSS AND BELLIGERENTS

GENEVA, September 7.

The Red Cross International Committee has informed the Governments of the belligerent States and several neutrals that they are preparing to open a Central Agency for information concerning war prisoners.

The Agency will function on the same lines as during the Great War.—Reuter.

'Thetis' Disaster Echo

LONDON, September 7.

The body of a naval rating, one of the victims of the "Thetis" disaster was recovered when the submarine was opened today by the removal of the engine room hatch.—Reuter.

SOCIALISTS CONSIDER WAR SITUATION

LUCKNOW, Sept. 6.

The National Executive of the All-India Congress Socialist Party met here this afternoon under the presidency of Acharya Narendra Deo. It is understood that most of the time was devoted to a thorough examination of the grave international situation.

The meeting adjourned at 6 p.m. till 8-30 when, it is understood, final decision will be taken regarding the attitude of the party towards the present situation.—United Press.

GET RID OF DEATH-DEALING GOVT.

Britain's Plain Speaking To German Public

LONDON, Sept. 7.

The Ten million leaflets dropped in Germany said "inter alia", that the Reich has forced a war with Britain, knowing it would involve mankind in a worse calamity than 1914. Never has a Government ordered subjects to death with less excuse. Germany was in no way threatened or deprived of justice. Was she not allowed to re-enter the Rhineland to achieve the Anschluss and take back the Sudeten Germans in peace. Neither we nor any other nation would have sought to limit her advance so long as it did not violate independent and non-German peoples. Every German ambition just to others might have been satisfied by friendly negotiation. President Roosevelt offered you peace with honour and prospect of prosperity. Your rulers have condemned you to massacre, misery and privations of war. They cannot hope to win. A year's iron censorship has kept from you the truths imprisoned in our minds and has also concealed that you have no means of sustained and protracted warfare. You are on the verge of bankruptcy. Our resources are immense. We are too strong to break and could wear you down inexorably. You can insist upon peace at any time. We are prepared to conclude it with any preach-loving German Government.—Reuter.

HENDERSON RETURNS

LONDON, September 7.

Sir Nevile Henderson and other members of Embassy Staff arrived at Gravesend.—Reuter.

BR. TREASURES IN PLACES OF SAFETY

LONDON, Sept. 5.

In view of the outbreak of war, all movable treasures in Westminster Abbey, including the Coronation Chair in which sovereigns of England have been crowned were removed to places of safety yesterday.

The Chair, which stood in the Chapel of Edward the Confessor and another Chair, that of Queen Mary II—made in 1689 for the Coronation of William III and Mary—were carefully packed and taken by train to an unknown destination in the country.

Removal activities were in full swing at the British Museum, the National Gallery, the National Portrait Gallery, the Victoria and Albert Museum and the Wallace Collection.

Apart from national jewels, gems in the possession of dealers in the West End of London alone are of the estimated value of £30,000,000.

Steps were also taken to safeguard York Minster where stained glass windows, valued in all at more than £2,000,000 were removed. They will be taken to a secret place and buried and ordinary plate glass will be put in their place temporarily.—United Press.

"FIGHT TO BREAK BONDAGE OF FEAR"

British Press On Support From Empire Countries

LONDON, September 7.

The numerous offers of service and expressions of loyalty, which continue to pour in from the Indian States and British India to swell the tide of Empire support have received grateful acknowledgment in the editorial columns of the British Press.

As "The Times" says, "in this country, in the Dominions and in the self-governing Colonies, there is one spirit. We fight to break the 'bondage of fear' daily encroaching upon the world".—Reuter.

ITALO-FRENCH RELATIONS

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Sept. 7.

I understand that talks are going on between France and Italy to establish friendlier relations.

Queen To Broadcast?

Hopes are expressed by women that the Queen would broadcast to women of the Empire. It is pointed out that during critical period through which the Empire is passing, Her Majesty would bring a message of confidence of exemplary calmness to all, just as the King appears to talk to each of his subjects, when broadcasting.

Latest Gallops At Poona

Sarkhat, Pompeian And Banash Amer Please

FROM "SENTINEL" TRACK CORRESPONDENT

THE GOING HAS NOT RECOVERED FROM THE EFFECTS OF RECENT HEAVY RAIN AND THE MONSOON TRACK IS STILL MAINLY IN USE. THE FOLLOWING GALLOPS WERE NOTED:—

NONE SO GAY (Callinan) failed to hold WAIT-A-BIT in a run over the seven on the monsoon track. Latter is fit and well.

POMPEIAN (Britt) moved smartly in a six furlongs dash. Has never been better.

BASTION (Selby) beat MYTHICAL MONK (B. McQuade) in a six furlongs dash. Former has improved.

PALL MALL (Orme) and BRUREE (Harding) spurted four furlongs and gave satisfaction.

ROSE OF PERSIA (Eude) went one mile at a good pace. Fit.

HARBOUR LIGHT (Britt) was in front of KING'S WINE (Burn) at the end of brisk mile spin.

BLUE TINSEL (Selby) moved freely in a mile gallop.

TWINE (Jones) was superior to RATHAVAN (Bell) in a fast six furlongs. Former is a good type and fast training on.

TAJ AL FARAT (Selby) pleased in a dash over six furlongs. Fit and well.

BURGESS (R. Boy) gave a promising display when put over six furlongs.

SARKHAT (Evans) had KING OF DIAMONDS (R. Boy) well beaten over a fast run seven. She must score again.

STAR OF KASHMIR (Britt) moved well over seven furlongs. Fit and well.

FARUQ PASHA (Meherji) was in front of a stable companion at the end of a smartly run six furlongs. He is worth a following.

SA'AD FARUQ (Cook) accounted for two others in a six furlongs dash.

PRINCE HISHAN (Cook) shaped better than two stable companions over a six furlongs. He has come on considerably.

BANASH AMER (Maxwell) gave an encouraging display when put over six furlongs. A coming champion.

QUDUMAL KHAIR (R. Boy) showed good speed when sent six furlongs.

Note:—ORANGE BLOSSOM, MY FANCY, MOHALEBBI and APPLE JELLY.

HANDS OFF CHINA

Japan's Price For Neutrality?

LONDON, September 7.

Following are the Ministry of Information statements:—

Japan has notified Sir Robert Craigie that it does not intend to participate in war and requests Britain to refrain from measures prejudicing Japan's position in China.—Reuter.

CONTROL OF PRICE OF COMMODITIES

India Govt. Delegates Powers To Provincial Govts.

SIMLA, September 7.

The Government of India have received reports from many parts of the country to the effect that there has been an abrupt rise in the prices of many of the common necessities of life. There is nothing in existing conditions to justify the extent to which prices have risen. Stocks of commodities are normal; power has already been taken to control export except under licence and internal transport conditions are unimpaired. Nevertheless, in order to avoid public discontent, it has been decided to issue a notification giving Provincial Governments power, under delegation from the Central Government to fix limits to the extent of the rise of prices, at each stage of the productive and distributive process, in the case of necessities, and in particular of medical supplies, foodstuffs, salt, kerosene oil and the cheaper qualities of cotton cloth.

It has been made a condition of the delegation of these powers that the minimum prices at each shall not be fixed lower than 10 per cent. above those ruling on September 1, 1939.—A.P.

INDIAN LABOUR'S SOLIDARITY WITH BR. WORKERS

Aftab Ali Supports Fight Against Fascism

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Sept. 7.

Conveying fraternal greetings of organised Indian Labour to the delegates to the T. U. C. Mr. Aftab Ali, Indian delegate, renewed Indian Labour's assurance of co-operation and solidarity with British Labour in the movement. He welcomed the declaration of British Labour to fight Fascism and informed the delegates that Indian Labour was equally, perhaps more, opposed to Fascism.

Sir Walter Citrine assured Mr. Aftab Ali that he would try his best to bring about a change in the present attitude of the British ship-owners in order to give a fair deal to Indian seamen.

CAMBRIDGESHIRE CANCELLED

LONDON, September 7.

Since no indication is received of the withdrawal of the prohibition of sports gatherings, the Jockey Club has abandoned six meetings including Newmarket October 2 Meeting meaning that the Cambridgeshire has been cancelled.—Reuter.

NO CENSORSHIP ON MAILS FROM EMPIRE COUNTRIES

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

A Press Communique states that the public are informed that no censorship has been imposed on mails to and from Empire countries.

Controller Of Enemy Property

SIMLA, Sept. 7.

A "Gazette" Extraordinary states that Mr. B. C. A. Cook, I.C.S., has been appointed Custodian and Controller of Enemy Property.

Bihar Checks Profiteering

PATNA, September 7.

A Communique states that in view of widespread profiteering, reported from almost every district in the Province, the Government of Bihar have decided to take immediate action to put a stop to this abuse. The District Magistrates have been instructed to prosecute under Rule 38 of the defence of India rules any person reasonably suspected of profiteering.—A. P.

Britain's Emergency Budget

LONDON, Sept. 7.

In the House of Commons Sir John Simon announced that he would be able to make an announcement on the emergency budget shortly.—Reuter.

Repeal Arms Embargo

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.

The immediate repeal of the arms embargo imposed under the Neutrality Act is urged in leading articles in the "New York Times," and the "New York Tribune."

The "New York Times" says, "We do not conserve our interests when we deny democracies opportunities to find in this nation instruments of self-defence.

The "Tribune" says "repeal now would be a gesture of sympathy for the French and British democracies. Equally unquestionably it would express no more than what a vast mass of Americans really feel."—Reuter.

HEAVY DEMANDS FOR COTTON

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Liverpool cotton which again is the sole open Major Commodity Market met further heavy demand with prices pegged into yesterday's closing levels, sellers virtually withdrew. Consequently business is restricted as the London Stock Exchange reopens tomorrow. To-day's Streets and Inter-office dealings are only small. Wall-street is firm—Reuter.

SPECULATIVE BUYING AND COVERING IN YARN

Sharp Rise In Prices

Bombay, Sept. 6.

The yarn market has remained rather excited and unsettled especially during the latter part of the week after the declaration of War by Britain against Germany on Sunday the 3rd inst. As regards Indian yarns prices have improved to the extent of 3 pies per lb. with a distinctly better feeling at the close In case of Japanese and other foreign yarns, however, prices have considerably improved to the extent of about 10 to 30 per cent as a result of hectic buying particularly by some shorts and also due to speculators having entered into the market. Reports from upcountry markets go to show that all markets have begun to feel the effects of the War and prices have been reported to have been improving everywhere. So far as the cloth markets are concerned almost all upcountry markets have sent reports that there is practically no improvements so far but it is expected that they will follow suit. Owing to heavy stock of handloom cloth, reports have been received that so far there has been no improvement whatever in prices of this cloth in various consuming districts where stocks have been very large. Enquiries for almost all kinds of yarns have been rapidly increasing all sellers have been quoting much higher prices in the hope of further advance. The future tendency is distinctly more hopeful.

ENGLISH YARNS

These yarns are entirely neglected at present.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

As a result of speculative buying by dealers in the local markets as well as in the upcountry markets soon after the declaration of War by Britain against Germany, prices have advanced very rapidly in all classes of Japanese and Shanghai yarns especially in Mercerised yarns where the advance has been more than 30 per cent over the previous prices. Violent fluctuations have occurred in prices from hour to hour in almost all markets of India in Japanese yarns. There has been no evidence of any purchases by actual consumers at such high prices except by several Mills which are reported to have covered their requirements at market prices. The handloom weavers are rather shocked at such a sudden jump in prices and have not been making any purchases at present. Fresh forward business with Japan and Shanghai has not been possible on account of absence of any offers so far from these countries. Japanese Exchange has advanced to some extent during the latter part of the week.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS

Official prices of the Italian Syndicate have been raised by 15 per cent during the week and it is reported that after the War news sales have been made even at these limits. Most of these purchases have been made by the Mills in order to stock their requirements in the next few months for fear of being stranded in the event of difficulties of supplies. In the latter part of the week still higher prices have been paid by Mills for qualities which have been very scarce. As regards Japanese yarns prices have considerably increased owing to speculative buying. It is reported that the present activitiy is mostly speculative and confined to dealers and middlemen in the hope of getting huge profits in course of next few days owing to War. Fresh forward quotations from Japan have not been received at all so far but it is reported that the Japanese Mills have been holding off at present in order to secure better prices. The future tendency is hopeful

INDIAN YARNS

There has been a very large turnover on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., during the latter part of the week after the declaration of War and prices have advanced in some cases to the extent of about Rs. 10 per bale. The undertone at the close has remained firm. Local Mills have not been giving out workable quotations and are awaiting the markets to settle down. No sales of importance have therefore been possible by the Mills. The future tendency is rather uncertain.

RISE IN JAVA SUGAR PRICES

Bombay, Sept. 6.

Since our last review during the first part of the week local market for Java sugar continued to remain steady both for ready and forward with prices fluctuating within narrow limits on news about the political situation in Europe. On the whole there was a rise of 4 to 6 annas per cwt. as compared with the closing quotations at the end of last week. During the latter part of the week market remained nervous and irregular on the reports about the grave political situation in Europe but on receipt of the news on 3rd inst. that Great Britain had declared war on Germany, local prices advanced sharply. There was heavy speculative and local buying at every advance in sympathy with the general rise in other markets on declaration of war and on the whole there has been an unprecedented rise in prices not seen for years amounting to Rs. 2-8-0 per cwt. in ready and Rs. 1-15-0 in August and Rs. 1-4-0 per cwt. in September/October/December as compared with last week. The rise in ready is due to uncertainty about the arrival of shipments and consumers preferring to buy ready even at a large premium over forward. There were no news from Java which is attributed to the present disturbed political situation and difficulty of exchange. Locally there was a large turnover and market closed firm but uncertain.

INDIAN SUGAR.

Local stocks are very small and prices move in sympathy with price of ready Java sugar. Cawnpore and Calcutta markets were reported strong on reports from Bombay regarding rise in Java sugar on news about declaration of war by Great Britain. There was no interest in forward at present.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

On the New York Terminal market there was a decline of 4 points in September while there was a rise of 3 1/2 and 3 1/2 points in Dec. and Mar. respectively. On the London Terminal there was a rise of 1/4d in December and a decline of 1 and 1 1/4d in March and May respectively. There were no telegrams from Java which must be attributed to political situation in Europe and the exchange irregularity. Tone was uncertain.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI

There was no interest in Indian sugar. There was a good deal of interest in Java sugar due to war and prices have advanced sharply. Indian sugar market was later on reported to be strong with an advance of about Rs. 1-4-0 to Rs. 1-8-0 per md. due to rise in Java sugar reported from Bombay. Tone was firm.

Shipments during July 1939 from Java were estimated at 145310 as compared with 154842 tons in July 1938 and stocks on 1st August 1939 in Java were estimated at 549512 tons.

GENERAL

Local market for ready Java sugar is likely to remain steady with a possibility of small reaction as prices have advanced very rapidly. As regards future course of the market, situation is extremely uncertain and will depend on the political developments in Europe from time to time.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY: Sept. 7.

The meeting of the Board of Directors was postponed. The market opened to-day at Rs. 193 for Broach A/M. delivery and advanced to Rs. 194-8 under short covering. Later on there was some realising and prices declined to Rs. 190. In Liverpool prices are fixed. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A/M.	188	0	0
Oomra D/J.	173	0	0
Bengal D/J.	144	0	0

TATA STEEL SHARES

Bombay, Sept. 7.

The Share Bazar was closed to-day and Tata Steel Dfds. were quoted at Rs. 1770 in the morning but later prices eased off to Rs. 1730 Associated Cements were done at Rs. 132.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Sept. 6.

The Share market was firm and the turnover was 39 lakh shares. U.S. Steel Shares reached highest 66 1/2 and lowest 63 5/8. Finally closed at 64 1/2 at a loss of 2 1/8 dollars.

NEW YORK COTTON

New Contracts

PRIVATE CABLE—

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:

New York:—

Good source advises Texas generally less than expected excessive hot dry weather high yield sections reduced crop sharply same party previously thought August estimate Texas too low now figures two-half millions for State.

Weekly weather unfavourable.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Speculative and trade buying with spot houses and profit-taking supplying contracts.

New York, Sept. 6.	
October	9.13+24
December	9.02+23
January	9.01+25
March	8.93+21
May	8.79+21
July	8.62+26

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 6.	
October	8.99
December	8.87
January	8.88
March	8.72
May	8.57
July	8.40
Middling spot	9.49

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Sept. 6.	
October	9.08
December	8.93
January	8.85
Middling spot	9.38 nom

NEW YORK

New York, Sept. 6

11 a.m. Ranges—

Unavailable.

Noon Call—

October	8.89
December	8.80
March	8.66

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Sept. 6.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	32,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	6,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept. 6.

September	6.33
October	6.20
November	6.22
December	6.21
January	6.13
February	6.03
March	5.93
April	5.83
May	5.73
June	5.64
July	5.55
Middling spot	6.58

11-12 a.m. quotations—

Unavailable.

All rates nominal.

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 6.

Spot	21 1/16
Forward	21

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 6.

Gold bars fine per oz £8/8/0

LONDON SEEDS

London, Sept. 6.

London seeds market was closed.

Rozario Santa Fe Sept	20/6
Barletta Russo	unquoted
South Australian Sept.	21/3

FOREIGN WHEAT POSITION

Weekly Airmail Review

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

London, Sept. 3.

The worsening of the International outlook brought about considerable appropriations of Canadian wheat during the past week, and this combination was reflected in markets at origin and such bearish features as were available were placed at a discount. Yesterday's markets were mostly of a nominal character with the value of Manitobian difficult to assess, for the Canadian Wheat Board had withdrawn all offers on the very small stocks of Nos. 1, 2 and 3. Latest advices, however, say that this measure was only a temporary one and it was intimated that trade stocks were plentiful and the carry-over was estimated to be 90 million bushels, which compared with 24,400,000 bushels at July 31 last year.

U. K. millers apparently were actively interested in replacements, while an extension of stocks on security account was reported to have received considerable attention. Apart from a steady business in parcels of Argentine grades, the cargo market revealed little business done in this quality, but the freight absorption from the River plate has shown more than usual activity during the last week or so.

HARVESTING PROGRESS.

Under the prevailing conditions news of harvesting progress and crop estimates take secondary consideration and trade pacts in which Germany has been particularly active of late are now the accepted orders of things, so that international markets cease to function effectively and now become more or less Governmental interests. The United States has now published the rate to producers complying with the 1940 acreage restriction plan which ranges from 18c. to 22c., as against 27c. for the current year, while the direct subsidy rate to exporters was reckoned as 36c. per bushel, but yesterday it was said that the operation of this had been suspended for the time being. Exporters on the Pacific Coast it seems will have to depend largely on Government offerings during the season for it was considered that fully 30 per cent. of the crop had passed into the loan account.

In Canada the returns, so far, of the harvest indicate that quite a fair amount will grade hardly better than No 3, which should mean an increased premium for No. 1 and may be partly responsible for the withdrawal at the time of the Wheat Board as a seller of the popular grades. Sales to Europe during the past week were computed at approximating 500,000 qrs., which cleared most of the holdings of the Wheat Board.

ACTIVE BUSINESS.

At active business has been completed in Cargoes during the week mainly of Canadian qualities. Millers were ready buyers at times and 'Security stock' replacements were said to be also a consideration. The market began the week with signs of a recovery after liberal offers of La Plata had been vainly made and Australian holders had been more considerate of lower bids. Canadian qualities continued to advance in Prices and late on Monday every heavy appropriations by U. K. and Continental interests were advised, which lead to a rise of 1/3 per qr. on Tuesday with Australian and La Plata 6d. better. At mid-week a further increment of 6d. was required for Empire wheats, but Argentine qualities were unaltered.

The Parcels market has been fairly active during the period, but at the close conditions were mostly nominal. After an easier commencement prices recovered a little and gained strength on Monday on an imporved demand and developments in the International position, a definitely strong tone being witnessed the following day. There was some reaction in Canadian at mid-week, but yesterday offers of these qualities were withdrawn, while others were held for 1 advance.

Supplies of new crop Native Wheat have shown a steady increase, except at a few points in the West, where deliveries were delayed by occasional adverse weather conditions. Prices in most cases have begun at an appreciable discount as compared with those of the old crop. In the Midlands and Eastern Countries some markets reported as low as 16, per qr. at farm or about £3.11 per ton, which is well under the existing low record of 1895 and for the matter since 1846, the earliest records to which we have access. At other centres, the price hovers around 17 for good millable samples, while at this level demand for cattle feeding marked an important expansion.

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS, Sept 6

As the Bombay and Calcutta markets are closed the local market was a bit quiet Indian Irons and Steel Corporation of Bengal on profit taking receded to Rs. 34/12 and Rs. 15/4 respectively. Amongst cotton mills Buckinghams were firm at Rs. 185 with few sellers among miscellaneous issued Mysore sugars firmed up to Rs. 35 1/2. Exchange transactions 5 per cent 1945-55 G. I. loan Rs. 100/4. Reserve Bank of India Rs. 92. National Bank of India fls. 28/10. Buckingham and Carnatics ordy Rs. 177. October 177 C.D. Gokak Mills Rs. 186. Kalpetta Estates Ltd. Rs. 11. Mlamallay Estates Pref Rs. 17. Kalasa Tea Rs. 3/9. Cochin Malabar Rs. 4/4. Cochin State Power Rs. 7/12. Associated Electrical Industries ordy stock sh 38/9. Triumph Co. Ltd. ordy 2 3/4. Indian Irons Rs. 35/8 C.D. Steel Corporation ordy 16. Indian Copper Rs. 3/3/1. Tata Iron and Steel ordy Rs. 394. Oct. Burma Corporation Rs. 7/8. Indian Steel Rolling Pref Rs. 3/8. The Stock Exchange will remain closed to-morrow on account of Sri Jayanti.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 6.

T. T. London on:—

New York	4.02 to 4.06
Paris	174 to 175
Berlin	unquoted
Madrid	unquoted
Montreal	4.40 to 4.44
Amsterdam	7.57 to 7.64
Brussels	23.42 to 23.72
Milan	unquoted
Berne	17.93 to 18.11
Copenhagen	unquoted
Stockholm	16.86 to 17.05
Oslo	17.69 to 17.85

CHAMBERLAIN'S STATEMENT

(Continued from Page 1.)

vious reasons, no details can yet be disclosed.

The outbreak of war found the same spirit of determination and solidarity among the French people as is evident here. The understanding between the two countries is complete and the arrangements which have now been put into force for co-operation in all activities concerned with the prosecution of war are working smoothly and well."

BRITAIN'S DEFENCE

Referring to Home Defence, Mr. Chamberlain said: "In this country, defensive military dispositions our army, which cover a very wide field, were made in good time owing to the precautionary measures, which it was decided to adopt during the period of tension. Manning anti-aircraft and coast defences was efficiently carried out. Within a short time of the calling out of units, guns and search-lights were fully manned. Since large number of anti-aircraft units were in camp and away from their Home stations. This reflects great credit on their organisation. The guarding of vulnerable points has been taken over by National Defence Companies, supplemented by personnel of the Territorial Army. The personnel reached their posts with minimum delay and under trying weather conditions. The mobilisation of the remainder of the army has been carried out with the greatest smoothness. The morale of all ranks is high. In particular, the spirit of Reservists recalled from civil life, some of whom have already this year been called up for training, is excellent. I should like to make special mention of the women auxiliary and territorial services, who are performing many tasks under arduous conditions and thereby relieving the soldiers for fighting duties.

GERMAN U-BOAT ATTACK

"Turning to the naval side, the most important feature upto the present has been the development of German-U boat attacks on our shipping. The sinking of the "Athenia" with its scenes of death and terror has virtually opened the war, and no denials or inventions on the part of Germany will convince the public of German innocence of this crime which has profoundly shocked and horrified the world."—Reuter.

Apart from the case of the Athenia there have been attacks on other British merchant ships sunk by German U-boats and three or four ships have been sunk. On our side, the Admiralty has taken immediate counter-measures. British destroyers and other anti-submarine craft have been very active and large reinforcements on anti-submarine and escort vessels are rapidly becoming available.

CONVOY SYSTEM

"As Mr. W. Churchill has already informed the House of Commons, steps are being taken to establish a Convoy System at the earliest possible moment. This method of protection can obviously be only instituted after the outbreak of war and it takes time to bring it fully into operation but the House can be satisfied that it is being applied with the utmost possible speed and vigour. Most of the ships which have been attacked hitherto are vessels, which commenced their voyages before the war had broken out and naturally for them the full scope of our defensive organisation could not be immediately be provided. While a certain proportion of weekly losses must be expected and we must not minimise the threat to our shipping, I think that the House and country may rest assured that the Navy, with all their wartime experience in handling this problem and with the added advantage of the methods of submarine detection and destruction which have since been developed, will increasingly bring the problem under control.

DARING R. A. F. ATTACK

"The Government would like to pay a tribute to the very gallant attacks made by units of the R. A. F. on certain German warships off Wilhelmshaven (Cheers), during which at least two hits were secured on one of the so-called pocket battleships

It will be realised that the objectives attacked, namely, the German Fleet bases at Wilhelmshaven and at the entrance of the Kiel Canal, are probably among the most strongly defended points of Germany

The manner in which the R. A. F. attacks pressed home, despite the strength of the defences, is worthy of the highest praise.

Mention must be made of the weather conditions prevailing on the afternoon of the attack. Visibility was extremely poor and the final stages of the attack are stated to have been carried out in a blinding rainstorm. A high degree of navigational skill is thus necessary to enable the attack to reach its objectives at all and the fact that hits were registered, demonstrated the ability of the R. A. F. to carry out its attacks under conditions of great difficulty.

TRIBUTE TO PERSONNEL

"Finally it is right to stress the fact that a high proportion of the officers and men in the squadrons concerned have entered the R. A. F. and received their training since the expansion began.

The House may also be interested to learn that those who took part in the attack included a number, who came from the Dominions.

"As the House knows extensive reconnaissance flights have been carried out over Germany on three successive nights during last week by units of the Bomber Command. More than ten million copies of notes to the German people have been distributed over a wide area in Northern and Western Germany, including the Ruhr. Although on each occasion enemy defence were set fully in motion, no contact was secured by the enemy fighters and all our aircraft returned safely.

"The activity of Fighter and Coastal Commands, if less conspicuous, has been no less intense. From the early stages of the emergency all squadrons of the Fighter Command have been at their war stations and in a state of instant readiness. Coastal Commands have also been engaged in extensive reconnaissance over surrounding areas in order to locate and destroy enemy submarines.

HOME DEFENCE ACTIVITY.

"I must now say something of the organisation of Home Defence Services, which is being rapidly completed. Regional organisation is functioning well. There is still some shortage of whole-time personnel but this will chiefly, now be found in the country districts. Enforcement of 'black-out' is proceeding satisfactorily. With the help of air force reconnaissance every night, it has been possible to discover lights irregularly showing and action was at once taken to deal with offencers.

EVACUATION PROGRESS.

"The Government decided on last Thursday that plans for evacuation mainly in respect of school children, young children and their mothers, should be put in operation. The operation has now been substantially completed and has covered not only those towns, for which plans had been worked out beforehand, but also a number of other vulnerable areas. So far approximately 1,475,000 children and mothers have been evacuated in the country as a whole. The process of assimilating this large increase of population in the receiving areas will take time. The schools are to be re-opened in the receiving areas as quickly as possible and both public authorities and voluntary effort will be busily occupied with measures for the welfare of children and for the assistance of the house holders who are so generously providing homes for the mothers and children.

HOSPITAL ARRANGEMENTS.

"Over 200,000 hospital beds are to-day ready for air-raid, casualties. Over 11,000 auxiliary nurses have joined the Civil Nursing Reserve for service in hospitals and first-aid posts, but more of both trained nurses and auxiliaries are needed, especially women, who can give whole-time service in any part of the country. Nearly 2,500 doctors have accepted enrolment in the Emergency Medical Service and acceptances are being received daily.

An Auxiliary Fire Service has been mobilised quickly and on the whole smoothly and in the main, the available fire fighting units are being kept permanently manned and ready for action. In London, for instance, there are over 1,800 fire pumps ready for action against about 125 in peace time."

Concluding Mr. Chamberlain hoped that his statement would show the country that Britain's war effort was rapidly gaining momentum.

"It has behind it the full weight of all people in this country who are united in their conviction that no nation ever went to war in higher cause. We are greatly heartened by the knowledge that in a struggle for the defence of liberty and free institutions and the preservation of all that makes life worth living, we can count on the support of Overseas members of the British Commonwealth.

Of their own free will and under no form of compulsion save the moral and compelling force of right and justice, these self-governing nations have declared their intention of co-operating in a cause which is no less precious to them than it is to the people of the Homeland."

Mr. Greenwood thanked Mr. Chamberlain for his statement and asked the Premier to keep the country informed promptly whether the news was good or bad. If the magnificent statement about the Kiel action had been published the day it had occurred, it would have heartened the people.

Mr. Chamberlain said he did not want to circulate any information until all the facts had been ascertained but with the experience he hoped they would do better in future.

Parliament has adjourned until September 13.—Reuter.

DEFEATING POLICY OF INDIANISATION

(Continued from page 6)

that he had experience of the floating plant, was now considered capable of looking after the Electrical branch, of which he had no experience, while Mr. Zafar Ahmed's claims to seniority were ignored because he had no extensive experience of the floating plant. It is really an irony of fate that a trained Indian is considered unfit for the post for which he received training but a European is considered quite suitable for an appointment for which he has no experience.

Need For Indian Majority

One cannot help observing that not only do these events not enhance the prestige of the Indian Chairman but they justify the universal demand in the country that the constitution of the Port Trusts should be radically altered and that Indians should have a statutory majority on these bodies, so that the higher services of these Trusts be manned by deserving and capable Indians and that all the affairs of these semi-public bodies can be administered and controlled in the larger interests of the country.

The German Engineer of the local Power House and his two brothers have been taken into police custody.—United Press.

COMMERCIALISE RESEARCHES

Visvesvaraya's Advice To Indian Institute

BANGALORE, Sept. 6.

Sir M. Visvesvaraya, President of the Court of the Indian Institute of Science, visited the Institute yesterday afternoon and was shown round the various departments by the Director.

Sir M. Visvesvaraya evinced keen interest in the various lines of industrial research carried on in the different departments of the Institute and advised the heads of the departments to commercialise the researches. He expressed the opinion that the authorities of the Institute should encourage such work.

It is understood that the Vice-Chancellor of the Madras University has addressed the Indian Science Institute about the proposal for instituting a B.Sc. Degree in Technology with the co-operation of the Science Institute, for which purpose candidates would receive a great part of their training in basic technology. The University would make an annual grant to the Institute for the purpose. It is learnt that the matter is to be placed before the Governing Council for consideration.—A. P.

SAVING CARDAMOM CROP

New Species Of Fruit Borers Studied

The importance of accurate classification and of naming forest insects is brought out in a recent number of Indian Forest Records Volume V, Number 3, which describes 22 new species of beetles which bore seeds and fruits of forest trees.

It has been found that the so-called cardamom beetle, which is regarded as a serious pest of cardamoms in Coorg, Mysore and Madras breeds actually in the fruits of several forest trees, and attacks cardamoms only when in unusual abundance.

Damage to the crop can be prevented by not growing cardamoms in the vicinity of these dangerous trees or by keeping the ground clean of their fallen fruits. None of the other species of seed and fruit beetles attack cardamoms.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI, Sept. 7.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind Cotton Jan.	17	7	0
Punjab Jan.	15	2	3
Dessi American Jan.	20	14	9
Stone steady:—			
Wheat Sept.	24	14	3
November	25	9	9
January	26	6	3
July	26	6	0
Stone quiet:—			
Gram Sept.	31	3	3
November	31	5	9
January	31	11	6
July	27	12	0
Toria Sept.	37	13	0
November	38	7	6
February	38	1	3
Cotton Seed Sept.	26	14	0
January	20	10	0

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1939

New York, Sept 7	
Previous closing	8.99
To-day's opening	8.97
Difference	—02
To-day's closing	not received
Difference	not received

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1939.

Liverpool, Sept 7	
Previous closing	6.20 nom.
To-day's opening	6.20 nom.
Difference	nil
To-day's closing	6.20 nom.
Difference	nil.

Broach A/M Expectation ..... Rs.

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Sept 7

The New York cotton was moderately active on improved local and foreign buying with the trend generally upward.

The trading in October began at 8.97 i.e. two points lower than the previous closing.

Prices advanced on active foreign buying and local covering under which October steadily advanced, aided by Wall Street buying and good trade support the price touching 9.07.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, Sept 7

The local market was closed for night session.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept 7

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

October 8.97/8.97

December 8.89/8.88

March 8.85/8.85

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, Sept 7

RUBBER

Spot (8 3/4 paid and value) 10 1/4 paid and buyers.

Forward October December (8 3/4 paid and value) 10 1/4 paid and buyers

METALS

Tin (£229 7/8 buyers; £230 sellers) £229 3/4 buyers £230 sellers. Firm.

Lead (£16 1/2 buyers £16 5/8 sellers. Firm) unquoted

Copper (£52 to 53 1/2) unquoted

Iron (£102) unquoted

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Sept 7

Previous closing	4.06
To-day's opening	4.05
At the time of New York cotton closing	not received

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept 7

Previous closing	4.02 to 4.06
To-day's opening	4.02 to 4.06
To-day's closing	4.02 to 4.06

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Sept 7

Previous closing	174 to 175
To-day's opening	174 to 175
To-day's closing	175 to 176

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept 7

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02 to 4.06 which is unchanged from official fixed rate.

Franc opened at 174 to 175 without any change from fixed rate.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 31/32 sellers) 1-5 31/32 sellers

Paris on Bombay (13.03 5/8) 13-11 1/8

New York on Bombay (30.60) 30.40

Berlin on Milan .....

London on Milan unquoted

London on Shanghai (unquoted) 4 1/2 sellers

London on Kobe (unquoted) 1-1 7/8 buyers 1-2 1/32 sellers

DISCOUNTS

3 months 3 15/16 per cent) not received

4 months (5 per cent) not received

6 months (5 per cent) not received

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil

Withdrawal (nil) nil

Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

Silver (21 1/16d) 21 5/16d

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, Sept 7

The following cable regarding London silver market was received in Bombay "India bought and sold. Bear covering. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept 7	
Spot	(21 1/16d) 21 5/16d+1/4
Forward	(21d) 21 5/16d+5/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept 7

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept 7

The following are the opening rates:

Amsconda Copper Mining dol 37

U S Common New Stock dol 63 3/4

U S Steel Preference dol 115

LINSEED OIL

London, Sept. 6.

Linseed oil market was closed.

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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1939

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STATE OFFICIALS EXONERATED

Ramdurg Riots Inquiry Findings: Compensation To Victims

"With an infuriated and blood-thirsty mob, there could have been no half-measures."

A complete vindication of the Rajasaheb of Ramdurg and the State authorities, a severe condemnation of the part played by the Praja Sang, whose activities culminated in the sacking of the State jail and the murder of eight policemen and an appreciation of the help rendered by Congress leaders in the conduct of the Enquiry, are the chief features of the Report of Mr. J. D. Davar, an ex-judge of the Bombay High Court, who was appointed by the State to conduct an enquiry into the riots that occurred in Ramdurg on the 7th of April, 1939, and the events that led to it. Mr. Davar has also made certain recommendations regarding the issues which are under discussion between the authorities and the people of the State for the last year and a half.

The terms of reference included an enquiry into the history of the agitation, and in ascertainment of the causes and influences which led to mob violence as also of the person responsible for same, the efforts made to prevent the riots, the justification or otherwise of the firing that took place and the conduct of the officials. Mr. Davar was also requested to make recommendations upon the various issues involved. Mr. Lele appeared before Mr. Davar on behalf of the State and the people of Ramdurg were represented by Messrs. Angadi Jakali, Math and three others and Mr. K. F. Nariman appeared to cross-examine the D. S. P., Mr. Arkatkar and Mr. Deo.

IRRESPONSIBLE BODY

With reference to term No. 1: Mr. Davar finds that agitation in Ramdurg was first fomented in the beginning of 1938, by outsiders, who had no connection with Ramdurg or its subjects. Later on, in order to equip themselves with some sort of authoritative recognition, they established in the middle of May 1938, a body called the "Praja Sangh." It consisted of 63 members, but, it neither had any constitution, nor the support of the public behind it. There were no objects or reasons published for its activity and existence, and it had no definite or legitimate objects in view, except a wild and reckless propaganda, intended to undermine the power of the ruler, inculcating hatred and contempt for the authorities, law and order,—by misleading ignorant and uneducated peasants and agriculturists, into a belief, that they were under no obligation to pay rates and taxes, and unless they resorted to violence, their legitimate demands would never be countenanced by the State and the authorities. This agitation was deliberately fomented by the members of the Praja Sangh.

FIRING ENTIRELY JUSTIFIED

With reference to attempts made to prevent riots, Mr. Davar observes that repeatedly, very vigorous attempts were made by the Raja Saheb, to meet every legitimate demand of the ryots. All that they demanded, by way of remission and abolition of taxes and assessments, was granted. Everything, that responsible Committees consisting of Congress workers, and experienced administrators suggested, and agreed to by the Praja Sangh, was granted readily by the Durbar. but the members of the Praja Sangh and the agitators went back on their promises, and fomented a ruthless campaign of defiance of law and order, and openly preached sedition. Their campaign eventually led to bloodshed on the 7th of April 1939, and for the consequence resulting in loss of lives and property, they are solely responsible.

In Mr. Davar's opinion, the two firings,—the first, ordered by Dr. Marathe from inside the jail —and the second, ordered by Mr. Arkatkar, the District Superintendent of Police, were absolutely justifiable and timely. Had these firings been delayed, the mob of 3,000 would have got out of control, and would have marched to the Palace, and repeated there, what they did inside the jail. Had either of these two officials waited longer, before giving orders to fire, they would have been found guilty of gross delinquency, and failure to do their duty. With an infuriated and blood-thirsty mob, there could have been no half measures.

No official of the State was directly or indirectly responsible for the riots. The riots were deliberately incited, and stage-managed from the very beginning by the members of the Praja Sangh. When they anticipated, what the uncontrolled mob could do, and had done,—one after the other, they disappeared from the scene, and no one was present, and no attempt was made to control the fury of the mob. During the riots, and long thereafter, the conduct of all the State officials appeared to me to be exemplary.

Regarding the allegation that police took part in the looting on the night of 7th April, Mr. Davar's finding is that it was the work of the goondas, and the ruffians, who formed part of the mob of 3,000 men. The local police force, and the Mohamedans, and the Marathas, were during the investigation, falsely charged by the "Riots Assistance Committee" of participating in the loot, as an act of reprisal. It was an attempt at mud-slinging by a band of Lingayats and Koshtis, who appear to be at daggers drawn with the police officials and the loyal subjects of Ramdurg. At the very last stage of the investigation, this so-called Committee, professing to represent the people of Ramdurg disappeared from the Enquiry. They appeared to me to be boycotted by the public of Ramdurg, who refused to appear at the Enquiry, and give the sort of evidence the Lingavats wanted them to. The object throughout was to sling mud at the officials of the State, the police, and the sections of the loyal subjects of the State, viz., the Brahmins, the Marathas and the Mohamedans. This attempt failed.

After a very anxious and careful study of the evidence before me, connected with the agricultural situation throughout the State of Ramdurg, I have come to a definite conclusion, that the Raja Saheb was coerced into the last settlement of the 26th of February, 1939, by the members of the Praja Sangh. That settlement is not in any degree beneficial to the interests of the ryots.

LAND REVENUE ASSESSMENT

The ideal of parity with British India in the matter of Land Assessment, though a commendable doctrine is not always possible, particularly in the case of small States such as Ramdurg where the unit of administration is small. The comparison with British ter-

(Continued on page 4, col. 4)

"Janmashtami" or the birthday of Sri Krishna was publicly celebrated on Wednesday night at the Blavatsky Hall. Photo shows Mr. Vishnupant Pagnis, well-known Cine-star, singing devotional songs on the occasion.

HINDUS CELEBRATE BIRTH OF KRISHNA

Complete Fast By Vaishnavite Hinaus

BOMBAY, Thursday.

After the Parsi holidays which continued for two days, the Hindus celebrated Janmashtami or Gokulashtami to-day with great enthusiasm. Bands of young men went round the city playing music who were received in different localities with pots of curds and water.

This is the anniversary of the birthday of Shri Krishna the divine cowherd of Brindaban and the hero of a thousand and one exploits which are narrated at length in the Mahabharatta, Bhagwat and Harivamsha.

A complete fast is observed by Vaishnavite Hindus on this day lasting till midnight which marks the hour of the birth of Shri Krishna, who is worshipped with offerings of "Tulsi" leaves, lotus and other flowers and fruits and by the repetition aloud of the thousand names of the god.

"Arghyas" or libations of milk and water are offered to Sri Krishna, his mother Devaki, and the moon. Various kinds of sports, such as breaking of pots full of curds suspended from poles, dancing round a pole, sword and lathi play, wrestling, shooting, etc., all in imitation of the youthful frolics of Krishna in Gokul are also held during the day in some parts of India.

Banks and public offices were closed for the day. A large number of Hindus went to Walkeshwar and Mazagaon where a fair is held.

GANDHIJI PASSES THROUGH NAGPUR TO WARDHA

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Sept. 7.

Gandhiji accompanied by Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Sardar Patel, and Messrs. Bhulabhai Desai and Kripalani passed through Nagpur this evening by the Grand Trunk to Wardha. A large crowd assembled at the station for darshan, prominent amongst them were Premier Shukla and Mr. Poonamchand Ranka. Gandhiji collected money for Harijan Fund. Addressing the crowd, Gandhiji asked the audience to read his statement issued from Simla and declined to add anything more to it.

Premier Shukla after seeing Gandhiji went in a second class compartment of Sardar Patel and B. J. Desai and accompanied them to Wardha.

Interviewed Mr. Kripalani said the Working Committee is meeting to-morrow morning but Pundit Jawaharlal and other members would not reach to-morrow.

Entry Of Unauthorised Persons Banned

CALCUTTA, Sept. 7.

The Government of Bengal have taken special precautions to prevent the entry of unauthorised persons into several places, each of which is declared as a "protected place" by a notification in the Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary by the Governor of Bengal, in exercise of the powers conferred by Rule 7 of the Defence of India Rules made under Section 2 of the Defence of India Ordinance, 1939.

So far as Calcutta is concerned, these places include, among others, Kidderpore Docks, King George's Dock, sub-stations of the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Gas Boosting, sub-stations of the water pumping stations, wireless transmitting station at Cossipore, generating station of the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Palta Water Works, Central Telegraph Office and Bally Seaplane base.

Dacca, Asansol and Raniganj will also have some "protected places."—United Press.

Bengal Government On Hunger-Strikers

Mediation Efforts Not To Be Permitted; Press To Be Muzzled

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 6.

AFTER MATURE AND CAREFUL CONSIDERATION THE GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL HAVE DECIDED TO BE GUIDED BY CERTAIN PRINCIPLES IN DEALING WITH HUNGER-STRIKES BY PRISONERS "UNDERTAKEN WITH A VIEW TO COERCING THE GOVERNMENT TO MEET THEIR DEMANDS," SAYS A PRESS NOTE ISSUED BY THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INFORMATION.

It is proposed that when prisoners are on hunger-strike Government will take all possible steps to preserve their lives and if necessary will also have recourse to artificial feeding for this purpose. Since the latter course involves some obvious risks, the Government desire to make it clear that they will accept no responsibility for any untoward consequence that may result either from hunger-strike or from artificial feeding or from both

Prisoners who persist in refusing food after due warning will be punished in accordance with the Jail Code Rules. They will be allowed no interviews except that when their condition becomes really serious and interviews with their near relatives may be allowed with the previous permission of Government.

THEY WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO RECEIVE OR SEND LETTERS AS LONG AS THEY ARE ON HUNGER-STRIKE. GOVERNMENT WILL NOT PERMIT ANY THIRD PARTY TO INTERVIEW THEM OR TO MEDIATE OR TO ATTEMPT TO MEDIATE BETWEEN THEMSELVES AND THE PRISONERS.

The note adds that if circumstances so require the Government will take all such steps as they consider proper to prevent publication in the Press of any matter relating to hunger-strikes or the hunger-strikers, and also to prevent all demonstrations or agitation in that connection.—A.P.

Mahatma's Statement "Extremely Disappointing"

Subhas' View: Reserving Remarks For Cabinet Meeting

MADRAS, Sept. 7.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose in the course of an interview to the "United Press" prior to his departure this morning for Wardha on the latest statement of Mahatma Gandhi on war said:

"Gandhiji's statement on war situation is extremely disappointing. It does not reflect the public opinion in India to-day. I shall not say more at this stage but shall reserve my remarks for the Congress Working Committee."—United Press.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT CAN'T ATTEND MEETING

RANCHI Sept. 6.

Under instructions from Mahatma Gandhi, his Secretary Mr. Mahadev Desai is reaching Ramgarh from Delhi to-morrow to consult Babu Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, on the international situation vis-a-vis the Gandhiji-Linlithgow talks.

As the Congress Working Committee meets on September 8 at Wardha, there is no likelihood of Rajen Babu attending the same owing to ill-health.—United Press.

Sardul Singh Suggests A. I. C. C. Meeting

Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar has addressed a letter to the Congress President in the course of which he says:—

"In view of the European war, may I request you to kindly call immediately a meeting of the A. I. C. C. so that the whole position may be reviewed and proper instructions issued to the Congress Ministries specially and to the public in general as how to conduct themselves during the war."

Ex-State Prisoners To Meet Gandhiji

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6

Messrs. Suren Ghosh, Harkumar Chakrabarty, Manoranjan Gupta and Dr. Bhupen Dut, ex-State prisoners, are starting for Wardha to-morrow with a view to discussing with Mahatma Gandhi and the members of the Working Committee the War situation and the duty of Indians with regard to the defence of India.—United Press.

INDIA AND WAR

Communal Unity Essential, Says Azad

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6.

A call for unity—communal and political—is made by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad member of the Congress Working Committee in course of a statement on the problems facing the country at the present moment. The Maulana says that India is placed in a delicate situation by the war, on account of her sympathies with the democratic powers and her own political status.

REMOVAL OF WEAKNESS.

He adds:—

'Unity is first condition for success. I mean both kinds of unity; communal as well as political. The want of unity has always been the most vulnerable point of our national struggle. At this momentous hour we should focus all our attention on the removal of this weakness. Certainly it is not a very big demand of the resources of India's national awakening, that is response to the call of time. It should forget all its differences and declare its unanimous decision about its future action with one voice.

UNANIMOUS DECISION.

It matters little what decision we make. The real thing that counts is that our decision, whatever it may be, should be unanimous, and whatever step we take, should be taken together. To-day it is better to agree and unite on error than to differ and disunite in search of exactness.

The Congress Working Committee is going to meet on the 8th September at Wardha. I am going to Wardha with the determination that we shall not only decide there our line of action, but also decide the method of reaching the greatest unanimity in our decision.—A. P.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story: Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE POISON THORN

JIM, IT'S BEEN A HEAVENLY AFTERNOON... WON'T YOU COME IN FOR A MOMENT?
THANKS, MAGDA.
AFRAID I HAVE TO GO NOW. I'VE BEEN HERE HALF AN HOUR AND ---- MY HANDKERCHIEF.
GOODBYE. I'LL TRY TO GET AROUND AGAIN SOON....
NOW WHAT WOULD AN EMPTY PISTOL SHELL BE DOING ON MAGDA'S RUG?

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